

Computer algebra independent integration tests

4-Trig-functions/4.6-Cosecant/4.6.1.4-d-cotⁿ-a+b-csc^m

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Chapter 1

Introduction

This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration problems. The listing of the problems are maintained by and can be downloaded from <https://rulebasedintegration.org>

The number of integrals in this report is [23]. This is test number [131].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following systems were tested at this time.

1. Mathematica 12.1 (64 bit) on windows 10.
2. Rubi 4.16.1 in Mathematica 12 on windows 10.
3. Maple 2020 (64 bit) on windows 10.
4. Maxima 5.43 on Linux. (via sageMath 8.9)
5. Fricas 1.3.6 on Linux (via sageMath 9.0)
6. Sympy 1.5 under Python 3.7.3 using Anaconda distribution.
7. Giac/Xcas 1.5 on Linux. (via sageMath 8.9)

Maxima, Fricas and Giac/Xcas were called from inside SageMath. This was done using SageMath integrate command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was called directly using Python.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed.

If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in the table below reflects the above.

System	solved	Failed
Rubi	% 100. (23)	% 0. (0)
Mathematica	% 100. (23)	% 0. (0)
Maple	% 100. (23)	% 0. (0)
Maxima	% 78.26 (18)	% 21.74 (5)
Fricas	% 100. (23)	% 0. (0)
Sympy	% 0. (0)	% 100. (23)
Giac	% 100. (23)	% 0. (0)

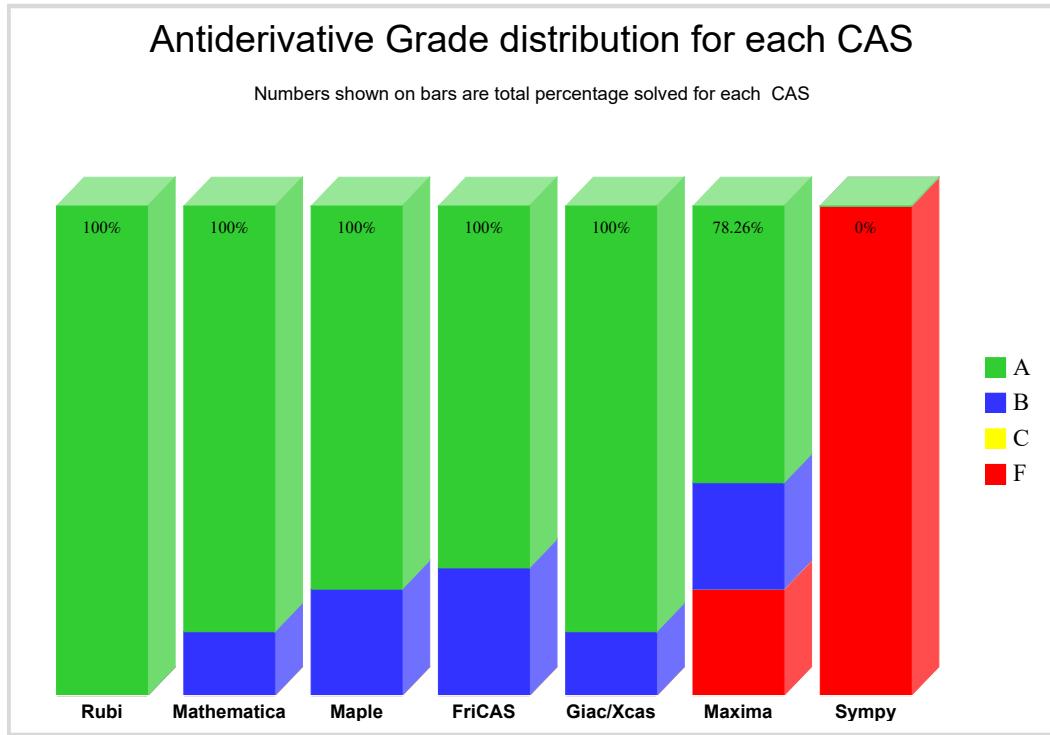
The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

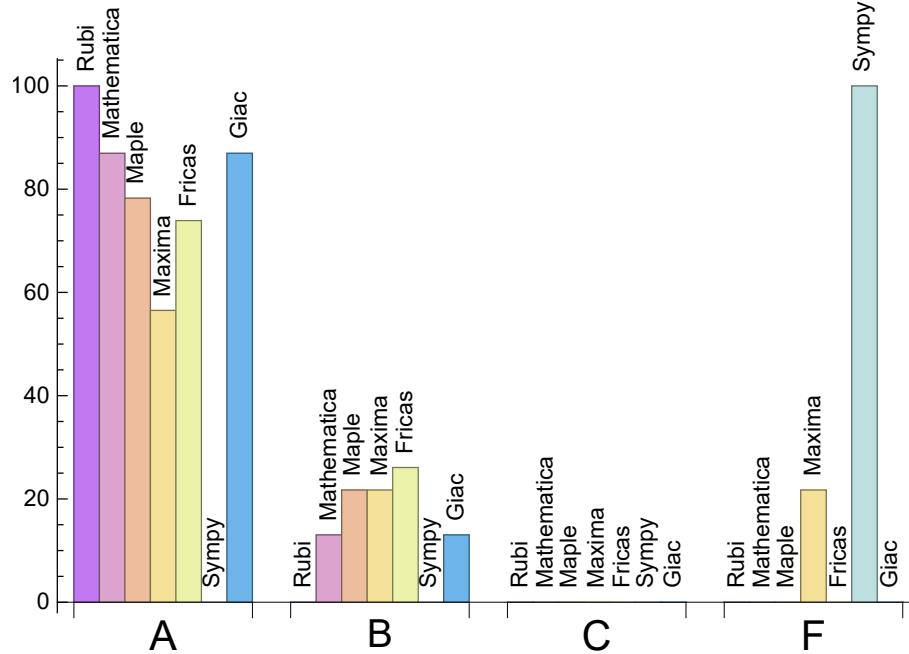
Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	100.	0.	0.	0.
Mathematica	86.96	13.04	0.	0.
Maple	78.26	21.74	0.	0.
Maxima	56.52	21.74	0.	21.74
Fricas	73.91	26.09	0.	0.
Sympy	0.	0.	0.	100.
Giac	86.96	13.04	0.	0.

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the CAS systems for each grade level.



1.3 Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of CPU time and leaf size of results.

System	Mean time (sec)	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size
Rubi	0.12	73.	1.03	58.
Mathematica	0.22	89.26	1.3	71.
Maple	0.06	100.04	1.42	64.
Maxima	1.12	107.44	1.95	73.
Fricas	0.63	415.39	5.11	224.
Sympy	Round[Mean[], 0.01]	Round[Mean[], 0.01]	Round[Mean[], 0.01]	Round[Median[], 0.]
Giac	1.35	124.09	1.68	88.

1.4 list of integrals that has no closed form antiderivative

{}

1.5 list of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

1.6 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not mean necessarily that the anti-derivative is wrong, as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it easier to do further investigation to determine why it was not possible to verify the result produced.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple Verification phase not implemented yet.

Maxima Verification phase not implemented yet.

Fricas Verification phase not implemented yet.

Sympy Verification phase not implemented yet.

Giac Verification phase not implemented yet.

1.7 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each `integrate` call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of _int', int(expr,x)),output='realtime'
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call has completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 minutes was used for each integral. If the `integrate` command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out is not counted in the final statistics.

1.8 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica. Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative produced was correct.

Verification phase has 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct. Further investigation is needed on those integrals which failed verifications. Such integrals are marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.9 Important notes about some of the results

1.9.1 Important note about Maxima results

Since these integrals are run in a batch mode, using an automated script, and by using sageMath (SageMath uses Maxima), then any integral where Maxima needs an interactive response from the user to answer a question during evaluation of the integral in order to complete the integration, will fail and is counted as failed.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima result below is lower than what could result if Maxima was run directly and each question Maxima asks was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the Timofeev test file, there were about 30 such integrals out of total 705, or about 4 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be indentified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. If the output was an exception `ValueError` then this is most likely due to this reason.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'
'display2d : false'
'domain : complex'
'keepfloat : true'
'load(to_poly_solve)'
'load(simplify_sum)'
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problem. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

1.9.2 Important note about FriCAS and Giac/X-CAS results

There are Few integrals which failed due to SageMath not able to translate the result back to SageMath syntax and not because these CAS system were not able to do the integrations.

These will fail With error Exception raised: `NotImplementedError`

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals.

Hopefully the next version of SageMath will have complete translation of FriCAS and Xcas syntax and I will re-run all the tests again when this happens.

1.9.3 Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi and Maple, the buildin system function `LeafSize` is used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special buildin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size is determined as follows.

For Fricas, Giac and Maxima (all called via sagemath) the following code is used

```
#see https://stackoverflow.com/questions/25202346/how-to-obtain-leaf-count-expression-size-in

def tree(expr):
    if expr.operator() is None:
        return expr
    else:
        return [expr.operator()] + map(tree, expr.operands())

try:
    # 1.35 is a fudge factor since this estimate of leaf count is bit lower than
    #what it should be compared to Mathematica's
    leafCount = round(1.35*len(flatten(tree(anti))))
except Exception as ee:
    leafCount = 1
```

For Sympy, called directly from Python, the following code is used

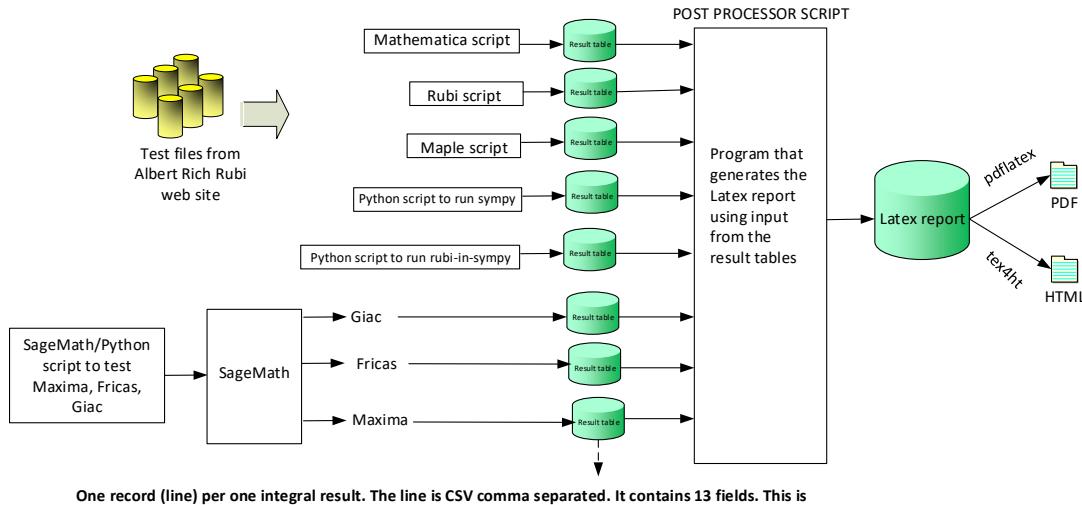
```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount = 1
```

When these cas systems have a buildin function to find the leaf size of expressions, it will be used instead, and these tests run again.

1.10 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 or 1 for failed or passed. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "F"
13. String. The optimal antiderivative in CAS own syntax.

High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

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June 22, 2018

Chapter 2

detailed summary tables of results

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

2.1.1 Rubi

A grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 }

B grade: { }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.1.2 Mathematica

A grade: { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 }

B grade: { 1, 8, 10 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.1.3 Maple

A grade: { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 }

B grade: { 1, 8, 10, 22, 23 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.1.4 Maxima

A grade: { 2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 }

B grade: { 1, 3, 6, 8, 10 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 }

2.1.5 FriCAS

A grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21 }

B grade: { 8, 10, 17, 18, 22, 23 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.1.6 Sympy

A grade: { }

B grade: { }

C grade: { }

F grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 }

2.1.7 Giac

A grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23 }

B grade: { 8, 10, 22 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as F(-1) if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as F(-2) if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the

system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given just an F.

In this table, the column **normalized size** is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	B	B	B	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	111	102	262	174	0	108
normalized size	1	1.	2.02	1.85	4.76	3.16	0.	1.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.103	0.148	0.053	1.481	0.488	0.	1.403

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	68	50	55	78	227	0	70
normalized size	1	1.	0.74	0.81	1.15	3.34	0.	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.07	0.131	0.054	0.962	0.523	0.	1.395

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	62	64	127	123	0	66
normalized size	1	1.	1.59	1.64	3.26	3.15	0.	1.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.079	0.108	0.048	1.463	0.478	0.	1.319

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	30	33	42	122	0	46
normalized size	1	1.	0.75	0.82	1.05	3.05	0.	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.049	0.054	0.062	0.957	0.507	0.	1.358

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	9	9	9	19	12	26	0	12
normalized size	1	1.	1.	2.11	1.33	2.89	0.	1.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.022	0.009	0.048	0.981	0.48	0.	1.298

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	30	21	41	85	0	23
normalized size	1	1.	2.	1.4	2.73	5.67	0.	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.04	0.043	0.049	1.465	0.497	0.	1.312

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	11	16	24	57	0	26
normalized size	1	1.	0.69	1.	1.5	3.56	0.	1.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.042	0.02	0.036	1.05	0.492	0.	1.356

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	B	B	B	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	90	64	116	204	0	88
normalized size	1	1.	2.9	2.06	3.74	6.58	0.	2.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.06	0.047	0.058	1.471	0.501	0.	1.343

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	26	35	39	136	0	41
normalized size	1	1.	0.72	0.97	1.08	3.78	0.	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.049	0.028	0.057	0.967	0.503	0.	1.419

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	B	B	B	B	F(-1)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	163	108	181	336	0	147
normalized size	1	1.	3.33	2.2	3.69	6.86	0.	3.
time (sec)	N/A	0.081	0.053	0.069	1.467	0.507	0.	1.399

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	39	55	57	224	0	58
normalized size	1	1.	0.67	0.95	0.98	3.86	0.	1.
time (sec)	N/A	0.058	0.05	0.073	0.96	0.509	0.	1.388

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	178	172	216	339	602	0	340
normalized size	1	1.	0.97	1.21	1.9	3.38	0.	1.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.757	0.064	1.187	1.019	0.	1.335

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	113	115	117	162	344	0	188
normalized size	1	1.	1.02	1.04	1.43	3.04	0.	1.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	0.485	0.058	0.964	0.705	0.	1.361

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	56	60	68	143	0	72
normalized size	1	1.	0.85	0.91	1.03	2.17	0.	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.091	0.061	0.049	0.977	0.552	0.	1.406

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	11	21	15	28	0	16
normalized size	1	1.	0.58	1.11	0.79	1.47	0.	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.024	0.008	0.034	0.951	0.489	0.	1.209

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	39	44	57	124	0	59
normalized size	1	1.	1.03	1.16	1.5	3.26	0.	1.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.063	0.049	0.046	0.959	0.549	0.	1.395

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	85	100	113	369	0	122
normalized size	1	1.	1.18	1.39	1.57	5.12	0.	1.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.083	0.132	0.052	0.992	0.6	0.	1.312

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	122	132	181	201	763	0	209
normalized size	1	1.	1.08	1.48	1.65	6.25	0.	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.123	0.273	0.053	0.973	0.684	0.	1.304

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	205	194	210	0	1081	0	292
normalized size	1	1.29	1.22	1.32	0.	6.8	0.	1.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	1.031	0.077	0.	0.609	0.	1.38

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	112	87	106	0	690	0	139
normalized size	1	1.33	1.04	1.26	0.	8.21	0.	1.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.248	0.06	0.	0.544	0.	1.334

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	F	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	71	105	0	539	0	108
normalized size	1	1.	1.16	1.72	0.	8.84	0.	1.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.176	0.068	0.064	0.	0.591	0.	1.302

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	158	206	0	1096	0	220
normalized size	1	1.	1.74	2.26	0.	12.04	0.	2.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.41	0.067	0.	0.934	0.	1.405

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	Mathematica	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac
grade	A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F(-1)	A
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	186	312	363	0	2061	0	404
normalized size	1	1.	1.68	1.95	0.	11.08	0.	2.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.881	0.075	0.	1.707	0.	1.25

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral was to solve. In this test, problem number [19] had the largest ratio of [0.6923]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	5	3	1.	13	0.231
2	A	3	2	1.	13	0.154
3	A	4	3	1.	13	0.231
4	A	3	2	1.	11	0.182
5	A	2	2	1.	11	0.182
6	A	3	2	1.	13	0.154
7	A	3	2	1.	13	0.154
8	A	4	3	1.	13	0.231
9	A	3	2	1.	13	0.154
10	A	5	3	1.	13	0.231
11	A	3	2	1.	13	0.154
12	A	3	2	1.	13	0.154
13	A	3	2	1.	13	0.154
14	A	3	2	1.	11	0.182
15	A	4	4	1.	11	0.364
16	A	3	2	1.	13	0.154
17	A	3	2	1.	13	0.154
18	A	3	2	1.	13	0.154
19	A	16	9	1.29	13	0.692
20	A	10	9	1.33	13	0.692
21	A	8	8	1.	13	0.615
22	A	7	7	1.	13	0.538
23	A	16	9	1.	13	0.692

Chapter 3

Listing of integrals

3.1 $\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=55

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tan^5(x)(1 - \csc(x))}{5a} + \frac{\tan^3(x)(5 - 4 \csc(x))}{15a} - \frac{\tan(x)(15 - 8 \csc(x))}{15a}$$

[Out] $x/a - ((15 - 8*\text{Csc}[x])*\text{Tan}[x])/(15*a) + ((5 - 4*\text{Csc}[x])*\text{Tan}[x]^3)/(15*a) - ((1 - \text{Csc}[x])*\text{Tan}[x]^5)/(5*a)$

Rubi [A] time = 0.102983, antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.231, Rules used = {3888, 3882, 8}

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tan^5(x)(1 - \csc(x))}{5a} + \frac{\tan^3(x)(5 - 4 \csc(x))}{15a} - \frac{\tan(x)(15 - 8 \csc(x))}{15a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Tan}[x]^4/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $x/a - ((15 - 8*\text{Csc}[x])*\text{Tan}[x])/(15*a) + ((5 - 4*\text{Csc}[x])*\text{Tan}[x]^3)/(15*a) - ((1 - \text{Csc}[x])*\text{Tan}[x]^5)/(5*a)$

Rule 3888

```
Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a^(2*n)/e^(2*n), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2*n)/(-a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 3882

```
Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] :> -Simp[((e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 1)*(a + b*Csc[c + d*x]))/(d*e*(m + 1)), x] - Dist[1/(e^(2*(m + 1))), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2)*(a*(m + 1) + b*(m + 2)*Csc[c + d*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 8

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\int (-a + a \csc(x)) \tan^6(x) dx}{a^2} \\ &= -\frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^5(x)}{5a} + \frac{\int (5a - 4a \csc(x)) \tan^4(x) dx}{5a^2} \\ &= \frac{(5 - 4 \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{15a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^5(x)}{5a} + \frac{\int (-15a + 8a \csc(x)) \tan^2(x) dx}{15a^2} \\ &= -\frac{(15 - 8 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{15a} + \frac{(5 - 4 \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{15a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^5(x)}{5a} + \frac{\int 15a dx}{15a^2} \\ &= \frac{x}{a} - \frac{(15 - 8 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{15a} + \frac{(5 - 4 \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{15a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^5(x)}{5a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [B] time = 0.148421, size = 111, normalized size = 2.02

$$\frac{-64 \sin(x) + 240x \sin(2x) - 178 \sin(2x) - 128 \sin(3x) + 120x \sin(4x) - 89 \sin(4x) + 6(120x - 89) \cos(x) + 128 \cos(2x) + 960a \left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^3 \left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^5}{960a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Tan[x]^4/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] `(200 + 6*(-89 + 120*x)*Cos[x] + 128*Cos[2*x] - 178*Cos[3*x] + 240*x*Cos[3*x] + 184*Cos[4*x] - 64*Sin[x] - 178*Sin[2*x] + 240*x*Sin[2*x] - 128*Sin[3*x])/(960*a)`

$$- 89 \sin[4x] + 120x \sin[4x]) / (960a (\cos[x/2] - \sin[x/2])^3 (\cos[x/2] + \sin[x/2])^5)$$

Maple [B] time = 0.053, size = 102, normalized size = 1.9

$$2 \frac{\arctan(\tan(x/2))}{a} + \frac{2}{5a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1 \right)^{-5} - \frac{1}{a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1 \right)^{-4} + \frac{1}{a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1 \right)^{-2} + \frac{11}{8a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1 \right)^{-1} - \frac{1}{6a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1 \right)^0$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(tan(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] $2/a \arctan(\tan(1/2*x)) + 2/5/a / (\tan(1/2*x) + 1)^5 - 1/a / (\tan(1/2*x) + 1)^4 + 1/a / (\tan(1/2*x) + 1)^2 + 11/8/a / (\tan(1/2*x) + 1) - 1/6/a / (\tan(1/2*x) - 1)^3 - 1/4/a / (\tan(1/2*x) - 1)^2 + 5/8/a / (\tan(1/2*x) - 1)$

Maxima [B] time = 1.48135, size = 262, normalized size = 4.76

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{46 \sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} - \frac{13 \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} + \frac{100 \sin(x)^4}{(\cos(x)+1)^4} + \frac{35 \sin(x)^5}{(\cos(x)+1)^5} - \frac{30 \sin(x)^6}{(\cos(x)+1)^6} - \frac{15 \sin(x)^7}{(\cos(x)+1)^7} + 8 \right)}{15 \left(a + \frac{2 a \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{2 a \sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} - \frac{6 a \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} + \frac{6 a \sin(x)^5}{(\cos(x)+1)^5} + \frac{2 a \sin(x)^6}{(\cos(x)+1)^6} - \frac{2 a \sin(x)^7}{(\cos(x)+1)^7} - \frac{a \sin(x)^8}{(\cos(x)+1)^8} \right)} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $2/15 * (\sin(x) / (\cos(x) + 1) - 46 * \sin(x)^2 / (\cos(x) + 1)^2 - 13 * \sin(x)^3 / (\cos(x) + 1)^3 + 100 * \sin(x)^4 / (\cos(x) + 1)^4 + 35 * \sin(x)^5 / (\cos(x) + 1)^5 - 30 * \sin(x)^6 / (\cos(x) + 1)^6 - 15 * \sin(x)^7 / (\cos(x) + 1)^7 + 8) / (a + 2 * a * \sin(x) / (\cos(x) + 1) - 2 * a * \sin(x)^2 / (\cos(x) + 1)^2 - 6 * a * \sin(x)^3 / (\cos(x) + 1)^3 + 6 * a * \sin(x)^5 / (\cos(x) + 1)^5 + 2 * a * \sin(x)^6 / (\cos(x) + 1)^6 - 2 * a * \sin(x)^7 / (\cos(x) + 1)^7 - a * \sin(x)^8 / (\cos(x) + 1)^8) + 2 * \arctan(\sin(x) / (\cos(x) + 1)) / a$

Fricas [A] time = 0.488463, size = 174, normalized size = 3.16

$$\frac{15x \cos(x)^3 + 23 \cos(x)^4 - 19 \cos(x)^2 + (15x \cos(x)^3 - 8 \cos(x)^2 + 1) \sin(x) + 4}{15(a \cos(x)^3 \sin(x) + a \cos(x)^3)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{15} \cdot (15 \cdot x \cdot \cos(x)^3 + 23 \cdot \cos(x)^4 - 19 \cdot \cos(x)^2 + (15 \cdot x \cdot \cos(x)^3 - 8 \cdot \cos(x)^2 + 1) \cdot \sin(x) + 4) / (a \cdot \cos(x)^3 \cdot \sin(x) + a \cdot \cos(x)^3)$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)**4/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(tan(x)**4/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [A] time = 1.40345, size = 108, normalized size = 1.96

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{15 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 36 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 17}{24 a \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 1\right)^3} + \frac{55 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^4 + 260 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 + 450 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 + 300 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 71}{40 a \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 1\right)^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $x/a + \frac{1}{24} \cdot (15 \cdot \tan(1/2*x)^2 - 36 \cdot \tan(1/2*x) + 17) / (a \cdot (\tan(1/2*x) - 1)^3) + \frac{1}{40} \cdot (55 \cdot \tan(1/2*x)^4 + 260 \cdot \tan(1/2*x)^3 + 450 \cdot \tan(1/2*x)^2 + 300 \cdot \tan(1/2*x) + 71) / (a \cdot (\tan(1/2*x) + 1)^5)$

3.2 $\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=68

$$\frac{1}{8a(1 - \sin(x))} + \frac{3}{4a(\sin(x) + 1)} - \frac{1}{8a(\sin(x) + 1)^2} + \frac{5 \log(1 - \sin(x))}{16a} + \frac{11 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{16a}$$

[Out] $(5 \log[1 - \sin[x]]/(16*a) + (11 \log[1 + \sin[x]]/(16*a) + 1/(8*a*(1 - \sin[x])) - 1/(8*a*(1 + \sin[x])^2) + 3/(4*a*(1 + \sin[x])))$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0703221, antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.154, Rules used = {3879, 88}

$$\frac{1}{8a(1 - \sin(x))} + \frac{3}{4a(\sin(x) + 1)} - \frac{1}{8a(\sin(x) + 1)^2} + \frac{5 \log(1 - \sin(x))}{16a} + \frac{11 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{16a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\tan[x]^3/(a + a*\csc[x]), x]$

[Out] $(5 \log[1 - \sin[x]]/(16*a) + (11 \log[1 + \sin[x]]/(16*a) + 1/(8*a*(1 - \sin[x])) - 1/(8*a*(1 + \sin[x])^2) + 3/(4*a*(1 + \sin[x])))$

Rule 3879

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^n*d), Subst[Int[((a - b*x)^(m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^(n - 1)/2]/x^(m + n), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 88

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^m*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^n*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^p, x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= a^4 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x^4}{(a - ax)^2(a + ax)^3} dx, x, \sin(x) \right) \\
&= a^4 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{1}{8a^5(-1+x)^2} + \frac{5}{16a^5(-1+x)} + \frac{1}{4a^5(1+x)^3} - \frac{3}{4a^5(1+x)^2} + \frac{11}{16a^5(1+x)} \right) dx, x, \sin(x) \right) \\
&= \frac{5 \log(1 - \sin(x))}{16a} + \frac{11 \log(1 + \sin(x))}{16a} + \frac{1}{8a(1 - \sin(x))} - \frac{1}{8a(1 + \sin(x))^2} + \frac{3}{4a(1 + \sin(x))}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.131365, size = 50, normalized size = 0.74

$$\frac{2(5 \sin^2(x) - 3 \sin(x) - 6)}{(\sin(x) - 1)(\sin(x) + 1)^2} + 5 \log(1 - \sin(x)) + 11 \log(\sin(x) + 1)$$

$$\frac{1}{16a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Tan[x]^3/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] `(5*Log[1 - Sin[x]] + 11*Log[1 + Sin[x]] + (2*(-6 - 3*Sin[x] + 5*Sin[x]^2))/((-1 + Sin[x])*(1 + Sin[x])^2))/(16*a)`

Maple [A] time = 0.054, size = 55, normalized size = 0.8

$$-\frac{1}{8 a (\sin (x)+1)^2} + \frac{3}{4 a (\sin (x)+1)} + \frac{11 \ln (\sin (x)+1)}{16 a} - \frac{1}{8 a (\sin (x)-1)} + \frac{5 \ln (\sin (x)-1)}{16 a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(tan(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] `-1/8/a/(\sin(x)+1)^2+3/4/a/(\sin(x)+1)+11/16*ln(\sin(x)+1)/a-1/8/a/(\sin(x)-1)+5/16/a*ln(\sin(x)-1)`

Maxima [A] time = 0.962337, size = 78, normalized size = 1.15

$$\frac{5 \sin (x)^2 - 3 \sin (x) - 6}{8 \left(a \sin (x)^3 + a \sin (x)^2 - a \sin (x) - a\right)} + \frac{11 \log (\sin (x)+1)}{16 a} + \frac{5 \log (\sin (x)-1)}{16 a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\frac{1/8*(5*\sin(x)^2 - 3*\sin(x) - 6)/(a*\sin(x)^3 + a*\sin(x)^2 - a*\sin(x) - a) + 11/16*\log(\sin(x) + 1)/a + 5/16*\log(\sin(x) - 1)/a}{}$

Fricas [A] time = 0.522906, size = 227, normalized size = 3.34

$$\frac{10 \cos(x)^2 + 11 (\cos(x)^2 \sin(x) + \cos(x)^2) \log(\sin(x) + 1) + 5 (\cos(x)^2 \sin(x) + \cos(x)^2) \log(-\sin(x) + 1) + 6 \sin(x)^2 \cos(x)^2 \log(\sin(x) + 1) + 11 \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) \log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{16 (\cos(x)^2 \sin(x) + \cos(x)^2)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1/16*(10*\cos(x)^2 + 11*(\cos(x)^2*\sin(x) + \cos(x)^2)*\log(\sin(x) + 1) + 5*(\cos(x)^2*\sin(x) + \cos(x)^2)*\log(-\sin(x) + 1) + 6*\sin(x)^2 + 2)/(a*\cos(x)^2*\sin(x) + a*\cos(x)^2)}{}$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)**3/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(tan(x)**3/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [A] time = 1.39496, size = 70, normalized size = 1.03

$$\frac{11 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{16 a} + \frac{5 \log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{16 a} + \frac{5 \sin(x)^2 - 3 \sin(x) - 6}{8 a (\sin(x) + 1)^2 (\sin(x) - 1)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\frac{11}{16}\log(\sin(x) + 1)/a + \frac{5}{16}\log(-\sin(x) + 1)/a + \frac{1}{8}*(5*\sin(x)^2 - 3*\sin(x) - 6)/(a*(\sin(x) + 1)^2*(\sin(x) - 1))$

3.3 $\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=39

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tan^3(x)(1 - \csc(x))}{3a} + \frac{\tan(x)(3 - 2 \csc(x))}{3a}$$

[Out] $-(x/a) + ((3 - 2*\text{Csc}[x])* \text{Tan}[x])/(3*a) - ((1 - \text{Csc}[x])* \text{Tan}[x]^3)/(3*a)$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0785335, antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.231, Rules used = {3888, 3882, 8}

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tan^3(x)(1 - \csc(x))}{3a} + \frac{\tan(x)(3 - 2 \csc(x))}{3a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[Tan[x]^2/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]

[Out] $-(x/a) + ((3 - 2*\text{Csc}[x])* \text{Tan}[x])/(3*a) - ((1 - \text{Csc}[x])* \text{Tan}[x]^3)/(3*a)$

Rule 3888

```
Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^^(m_)*(\csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a^(2*n)/e^(2*n), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2*n)/(-a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 3882

```
Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^^(m_)*(\csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] :> -Simp[((e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 1)*(a + b*Csc[c + d*x]))/(d*e^(m + 1)), x] - Dist[1/(e^(2*(m + 1))), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2)*(a*(m + 1) + b*(m + 2)*Csc[c + d*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 8

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\int (-a + a \csc(x)) \tan^4(x) dx}{a^2} \\
&= -\frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\int (3a - 2a \csc(x)) \tan^2(x) dx}{3a^2} \\
&= \frac{(3 - 2 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{3a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\int -3a dx}{3a^2} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{(3 - 2 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{3a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan^3(x)}{3a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.108222, size = 62, normalized size = 1.59

$$-\frac{-2 \sin(x) + 4 \cos(2x) + (6x - 5)(\sin(x) + 1) \cos(x)}{6a \left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Tan[x]^2/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] $-(4*\text{Cos}[2*x] - 2*\text{Sin}[x] + (-5 + 6*x)*\text{Cos}[x]*(1 + \text{Sin}[x]))/(6*a*(\text{Cos}[x/2] - \text{Sin}[x/2])*(\text{Cos}[x/2] + \text{Sin}[x/2])^3)$

Maple [A] time = 0.048, size = 64, normalized size = 1.6

$$-2 \frac{\arctan(\tan(x/2))}{a} + \frac{2}{3a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^{-3} - \frac{1}{a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^{-2} - \frac{3}{2a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^{-1} - \frac{1}{2a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)^{-1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(tan(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] $-2/a*\arctan(\tan(1/2*x))+2/3/a/(\tan(1/2*x)+1)^3-1/a/(\tan(1/2*x)+1)^2-3/2/a/(\tan(1/2*x)+1)-1/2/a/(\tan(1/2*x)-1)$

Maxima [B] time = 1.46338, size = 127, normalized size = 3.26

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{6 \sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} - \frac{3 \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} + 2 \right)}{3 \left(a + \frac{2 a \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{2 a \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} - \frac{a \sin(x)^4}{(\cos(x)+1)^4} \right)} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\frac{-2/3 * (\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1) - 6*\sin(x)^2/(\cos(x) + 1)^2 - 3*\sin(x)^3/(\cos(x) + 1)^3 + 2)/(a + 2*a*\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1) - 2*a*\sin(x)^3/(\cos(x) + 1)^3 - a*\sin(x)^4/(\cos(x) + 1)^4) - 2*\arctan(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1))/a}{a}$

Fricas [A] time = 0.47755, size = 123, normalized size = 3.15

$$-\frac{3 x \cos(x) + 4 \cos(x)^2 + (3 x \cos(x) - 1) \sin(x) - 2}{3(a \cos(x) \sin(x) + a \cos(x))}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{-1/3 * (3*x*\cos(x) + 4*\cos(x)^2 + (3*x*\cos(x) - 1)*\sin(x) - 2)/(a*\cos(x)*\sin(x) + a*\cos(x))}{a}$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)**2/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(tan(x)**2/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [A] time = 1.31879, size = 66, normalized size = 1.69

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{1}{2a\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 1\right)} - \frac{9\tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 24\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 11}{6a\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 1\right)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out]
$$\frac{-x/a - 1/2/(a*(\tan(1/2*x) - 1)) - 1/6*(9*\tan(1/2*x)^2 + 24*\tan(1/2*x) + 11)}{(a*(\tan(1/2*x) + 1)^3)}$$

3.4 $\int \frac{\tan(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=40

$$-\frac{1}{2a(\sin(x)+1)} - \frac{\log(1-\sin(x))}{4a} - \frac{3\log(\sin(x)+1)}{4a}$$

[Out] $-\text{Log}[1 - \text{Sin}[x]]/(4*a) - (3*\text{Log}[1 + \text{Sin}[x]])/(4*a) - 1/(2*a*(1 + \text{Sin}[x]))$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0486917, antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.182, Rules used = {3879, 88}

$$-\frac{1}{2a(\sin(x)+1)} - \frac{\log(1-\sin(x))}{4a} - \frac{3\log(\sin(x)+1)}{4a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Tan}[x]/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-\text{Log}[1 - \text{Sin}[x]]/(4*a) - (3*\text{Log}[1 + \text{Sin}[x]])/(4*a) - 1/(2*a*(1 + \text{Sin}[x]))$

Rule 3879

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^n*d), Subst[Int[((a - b*x)^(((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^((m - 1)/2 + n))/x^(m + n), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 88

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\tan(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= a^2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x^2}{(a - ax)(a + ax)^2} dx, x, \sin(x) \right) \\
&= a^2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \left(-\frac{1}{4a^3(-1+x)} + \frac{1}{2a^3(1+x)^2} - \frac{3}{4a^3(1+x)} \right) dx, x, \sin(x) \right) \\
&= -\frac{\log(1 - \sin(x))}{4a} - \frac{3 \log(1 + \sin(x))}{4a} - \frac{1}{2a(1 + \sin(x))}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.0539248, size = 30, normalized size = 0.75

$$-\frac{\frac{2}{\sin(x)+1} + \log(1 - \sin(x)) + 3 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{4a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Tan[x]/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] `-(Log[1 - Sin[x]] + 3*Log[1 + Sin[x]] + 2/(1 + Sin[x]))/(4*a)`

Maple [A] time = 0.062, size = 33, normalized size = 0.8

$$-\frac{1}{2a(\sin(x) + 1)} - \frac{3 \ln(\sin(x) + 1)}{4a} - \frac{\ln(\sin(x) - 1)}{4a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(tan(x)/(a+a*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] `-1/2/a/(\sin(x)+1)-3/4*ln(\sin(x)+1)/a-1/4/a*ln(\sin(x)-1)`

Maxima [A] time = 0.957275, size = 42, normalized size = 1.05

$$-\frac{3 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{4a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x) - 1)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2(a \sin(x) + a)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$-\frac{3}{4} \log(\sin(x) + 1)/a - \frac{1}{4} \log(\sin(x) - 1)/a - \frac{1}{2}/(a \sin(x) + a)$$

Fricas [A] time = 0.50747, size = 122, normalized size = 3.05

$$-\frac{3(\sin(x) + 1) \log(\sin(x) + 1) + (\sin(x) + 1) \log(-\sin(x) + 1) + 2}{4(a \sin(x) + a)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$-\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(3(\sin(x) + 1) \log(\sin(x) + 1) + (\sin(x) + 1) \log(-\sin(x) + 1) + 2)}{a \sin(x) + a}$$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\frac{\int \frac{\tan(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(tan(x)/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [A] time = 1.35769, size = 46, normalized size = 1.15

$$-\frac{3 \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{4a} - \frac{\log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2a(\sin(x) + 1)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out]
$$-\frac{3}{4} \log(\sin(x) + 1)/a - \frac{1}{4} \log(-\sin(x) + 1)/a - \frac{1}{2}/(a \sin(x) + a)$$

3.5 $\int \frac{\cot(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=9

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{a}$$

[Out] $\text{Log}[1 + \text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0217797, antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.182, Rules used = {3879, 31}

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $\text{Log}[1 + \text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 3879

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^n*d), Subst[Int[((a - b*x)^(m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^(n)/x^(m + n), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 31

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_.))^{-1}, x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cot(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx &= \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{a+ax} dx, x, \sin(x)\right) \\ &= \frac{\log(1+\sin(x))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.0085864, size = 9, normalized size = 1.

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Cot[x]/(a + a*Csc[x]),x]`

[Out] `Log[1 + Sin[x]]/a`

Maple [A] time = 0.048, size = 19, normalized size = 2.1

$$\frac{\ln(1 + \csc(x))}{a} - \frac{\ln(\csc(x))}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `1/a*ln(1+csc(x))-1/a*ln(csc(x))`

Maxima [A] time = 0.980983, size = 12, normalized size = 1.33

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `log(sin(x) + 1)/a`

Fricas [A] time = 0.480226, size = 26, normalized size = 2.89

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\log(\sin(x) + 1)/a$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [A] time = 1.29816, size = 12, normalized size = 1.33

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\log(\sin(x) + 1)/a$

3.6 $\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=15

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $-(x/a) - \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0397653, antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.154, Rules used = {3888, 3770}

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^2/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-(x/a) - \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]]/a$

Rule 3888

```
Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a^(2*n)/e^(2*n), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2*n)]/(-a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 3770

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> -Simp[ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\int (-a + a \csc(x)) dx}{a^2} \\ &= -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\int \csc(x) dx}{a} \\ &= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{a}\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.0432713, size = 30, normalized size = 2.

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\log \left(\sin \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a} - \frac{\log \left(\cos \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Cot[x]^2/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] $-(x/a) - \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[x/2]]/a + \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x/2]]/a$

Maple [A] time = 0.049, size = 21, normalized size = 1.4

$$-2 \frac{\arctan (\tan (x/2))}{a} + \frac{1}{a} \ln \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] $-2/a*\arctan(\tan(1/2*x))+1/a*ln(\tan(1/2*x))$

Maxima [B] time = 1.46531, size = 41, normalized size = 2.73

$$-\frac{2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sin (x)}{\cos (x)+1}\right)}{a} + \frac{\log \left(\frac{\sin (x)}{\cos (x)+1}\right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-2\arctan(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1))/a + \log(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1))/a$

Fricas [A] time = 0.496634, size = 85, normalized size = 5.67

$$\frac{2x + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - \log\left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-1/2*(2*x + \log(1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - \log(-1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2))/a$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**2/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**2/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [A] time = 1.31193, size = 23, normalized size = 1.53

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right|\right)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $-x/a + \log(\left|\tan(1/2*x)\right|)/a$

3.7 $\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=16

$$-\frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $-(\text{Csc}[x]/a) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0415825, antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.154, Rules used = {3879, 43}

$$-\frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^3/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-(\text{Csc}[x]/a) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 3879

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^n*d), Subst[Int[((a - b*x)^(m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^(n + (m - 1)/2))/x^(m + n), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 43

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LessQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{a - ax}{x^2} dx, x, \sin(x) \right)}{a^2} \\
 &= \frac{\text{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{a}{x^2} - \frac{a}{x} \right) dx, x, \sin(x) \right)}{a^2} \\
 &= -\frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.0203576, size = 11, normalized size = 0.69

$$-\frac{\csc(x) + \log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Cot[x]^3/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] `-((Csc[x] + Log[Sin[x]]))/a`

Maple [A] time = 0.036, size = 16, normalized size = 1.

$$-\frac{\csc(x)}{a} + \frac{\ln(\csc(x))}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] `-csc(x)/a+1/a*ln(csc(x))`

Maxima [A] time = 1.04973, size = 24, normalized size = 1.5

$$-\frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{1}{a \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)), x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-\log(\sin(x))/a - 1/(a\sin(x))$

Fricas [A] time = 0.491916, size = 57, normalized size = 3.56

$$-\frac{\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\sin(x)\right)\sin(x) + 1}{a\sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-(\log(1/2\sin(x))\sin(x) + 1)/(a\sin(x))$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**3/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**3/(\csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [A] time = 1.35568, size = 26, normalized size = 1.62

$$-\frac{\log(|\sin(x)|)}{a} - \frac{1}{a\sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $-\log(\text{abs}(\sin(x)))/a - 1/(a\sin(x))$

3.8 $\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=31

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2a} + \frac{\cot(x)(2 - \csc(x))}{2a}$$

[Out] $x/a + \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]]/(2*a) + (\text{Cot}[x]*(2 - \text{Csc}[x]))/(2*a)$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0598691, antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.231, Rules used = {3888, 3881, 3770}

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2a} + \frac{\cot(x)(2 - \csc(x))}{2a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^4/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $x/a + \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]]/(2*a) + (\text{Cot}[x]*(2 - \text{Csc}[x]))/(2*a)$

Rule 3888

```
Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^m_*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^n_, x_Symbol] :> Dist[a^(2*n)/e^(2*n), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2*n)]/(-a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 3881

```
Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^m_*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] :> -Simp[(e*(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m - 1)*(a*m + b*(m - 1)*Csc[c + d*x]))/(d*m*(m - 1)), x] - Dist[e^(2/m), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m - 2)*(a*m + b*(m - 1)*Csc[c + d*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

Rule 3770

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> -Simp[ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\int \cot^2(x)(-a + a \csc(x)) dx}{a^2} \\
 &= \frac{\cot(x)(2 - \csc(x))}{2a} - \frac{\int (-2a + a \csc(x)) dx}{2a^2} \\
 &= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\cot(x)(2 - \csc(x))}{2a} - \frac{\int \csc(x) dx}{2a} \\
 &= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2a} + \frac{\cot(x)(2 - \csc(x))}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [B] time = 0.0467307, size = 90, normalized size = 2.9

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2a} + \frac{\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2a} - \frac{\csc^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8a} + \frac{\sec^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8a} - \frac{\log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a} + \frac{\log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{2a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Cot[x]^4/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] $x/a + \text{Cot}[x/2]/(2*a) - \text{Csc}[x/2]^2/(8*a) + \text{Log}[\text{Cos}[x/2]]/(2*a) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x/2]]/(2*a) + \text{Sec}[x/2]^2/(8*a) - \text{Tan}[x/2]/(2*a)$

Maple [B] time = 0.058, size = 64, normalized size = 2.1

$$\frac{1}{8a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^2 - \frac{1}{2a} \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2 \frac{\arctan(\tan(x/2))}{a} - \frac{1}{8a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^{-2} + \frac{1}{2a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)^{-1} - \frac{1}{2a} \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{8}/a*\tan(1/2*x)^2 - \frac{1}{2}/a*\tan(1/2*x) + 2/a*\arctan(\tan(1/2*x)) - \frac{1}{8}/a/\tan(1/2*x)^2 + \frac{1}{2}/a/\tan(1/2*x) - \frac{1}{2}/a*\ln(\tan(1/2*x))$

Maxima [B] time = 1.47068, size = 116, normalized size = 3.74

$$\frac{\frac{4 \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{\sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{a} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{2a} + \frac{\left(\frac{4 \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - 1\right)(\cos(x) + 1)^2}{8a \sin(x)^2}}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/8*(4*\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1) - \sin(x)^2/(\cos(x) + 1)^2)/a + 2*\arctan(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1))/a - 1/2*\log(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1))/a + 1/8*(4*\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1) - 1)*(\cos(x) + 1)^2/(a*\sin(x)^2) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] time = 0.500669, size = 204, normalized size = 6.58

$$\frac{4 x \cos(x)^2 + (\cos(x)^2 - 1) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - (\cos(x)^2 - 1) \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - 4 \cos(x) \sin(x) - 4x + 2 \cos(x)}{4(a \cos(x)^2 - a)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/4*(4*x*\cos(x)^2 + (\cos(x)^2 - 1)*\log(1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - (\cos(x)^2 - 1)*\log(-1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - 4*\cos(x)*\sin(x) - 4*x + 2*\cos(x))/(a*\cos(x)^2 - a) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**4/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**4/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [B] time = 1.34284, size = 88, normalized size = 2.84

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right|\right)}{2a} + \frac{a\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 4a\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)}{8a^2} + \frac{6\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 + 4\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - 1}{8a\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $x/a - 1/2*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*x)))/a + 1/8*(a*\tan(1/2*x)^2 - 4*a*\tan(1/2*x))/a^2 + 1/8*(6*\tan(1/2*x)^2 + 4*\tan(1/2*x) - 1)/(a*\tan(1/2*x)^2)$

3.9 $\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=36

$$-\frac{\csc^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\csc^2(x)}{2a} + \frac{\csc(x)}{a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $\text{Csc}[x]/a + \text{Csc}[x]^{2/(2*a)} - \text{Csc}[x]^{3/(3*a)} + \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0489153, antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.154, Rules used = {3879, 75}

$$-\frac{\csc^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\csc^2(x)}{2a} + \frac{\csc(x)}{a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^{5/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x])}, x]$

[Out] $\text{Csc}[x]/a + \text{Csc}[x]^{2/(2*a)} - \text{Csc}[x]^{3/(3*a)} + \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 3879

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_._), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^n*d), Subst[Int[((a - b*x)^(((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^((m - 1)/2 + n))/x^(m + n), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 75

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_.))*(e_) + (f_.)*(x_.))^p_, x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[b*e + a*f, 0] && !(ILtQ[n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n + 2*p, 0])
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{(a-ax)^2(a+ax)}{x^4} dx, x, \sin(x) \right)}{a^4} \\
&= \frac{\text{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{a^3}{x^4} - \frac{a^3}{x^3} - \frac{a^3}{x^2} + \frac{a^3}{x} \right) dx, x, \sin(x) \right)}{a^4} \\
&= \frac{\csc(x)}{a} + \frac{\csc^2(x)}{2a} - \frac{\csc^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.0281058, size = 26, normalized size = 0.72

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3} \csc^3(x) + \frac{\csc^2(x)}{2} + \csc(x) + \log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Cot[x]^5/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] `(Csc[x] + Csc[x]^2/2 - Csc[x]^3/3 + Log[Sin[x]])/a`

Maple [A] time = 0.057, size = 35, normalized size = 1.

$$-\frac{1}{3 a (\sin(x))^3} + \frac{1}{2 a (\sin(x))^2} + \frac{\ln(\sin(x))}{a} + \frac{1}{a \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^5/(a+a*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] `-1/3/a/sin(x)^3+1/2/a/sin(x)^2+ln(sin(x))/a+1/a/sin(x)`

Maxima [A] time = 0.966617, size = 39, normalized size = 1.08

$$\frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} + \frac{6 \sin(x)^2 + 3 \sin(x) - 2}{6 a \sin(x)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\log(\sin(x))/a + \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{(6\sin(x)^2 + 3\sin(x) - 2)/(a\sin(x)^3)}{(a\cos(x)^2 - a)}$

Fricas [A] time = 0.503354, size = 136, normalized size = 3.78

$$\frac{6 \left(\cos(x)^2 - 1\right) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin(x)\right) \sin(x) + 6 \cos(x)^2 - 3 \sin(x) - 4}{6 \left(a \cos(x)^2 - a\right) \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{(6\cos(x)^2 - 1)\log(1/2\sin(x))\sin(x) + 6\cos(x)^2 - 3\sin(x) - 4}{(a\cos(x)^2 - a)\sin(x)}$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{\csc(x)+1} dx}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**5/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**5/(csc(x) + 1), x)/a`

Giac [A] time = 1.41917, size = 41, normalized size = 1.14

$$\frac{\log(|\sin(x)|)}{a} + \frac{6 \sin(x)^2 + 3 \sin(x) - 2}{6 a \sin(x)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\log(\text{abs}(\sin(x)))/a + 1/6*(6*\sin(x)^2 + 3*\sin(x) - 2)/(a*\sin(x)^3)$

3.10 $\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a+a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=49

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{8a} + \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x)(8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a}$$

[Out] $-(x/a) - (3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/(8*a) + (\text{Cot}[x]^3*(4 - 3*\text{Csc}[x]))/(12*a) - (\text{Cot}[x]*(8 - 3*\text{Csc}[x]))/(8*a)$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0807971, antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.231, Rules used = {3888, 3881, 3770}

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{8a} + \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x)(8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^6/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-(x/a) - (3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/(8*a) + (\text{Cot}[x]^3*(4 - 3*\text{Csc}[x]))/(12*a) - (\text{Cot}[x]*(8 - 3*\text{Csc}[x]))/(8*a)$

Rule 3888

```
Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^^(m_)*csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a^(2*n)/e^(2*n), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m + 2*n)]/(-a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 3881

```
Int[(cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(e_.))^^(m_)*csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.), x_Symbol] :> -Simp[(e*(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m - 1)*(a*m + b*(m - 1)*Csc[c + d*x]))/(d*m*(m - 1)), x] - Dist[e^(2/m), Int[(e*Cot[c + d*x])^(m - 2)*(a*m + b*(m - 1)*Csc[c + d*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

Rule 3770

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> -Simp[ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\int \cot^4(x)(-a + a \csc(x)) dx}{a^2} \\
&= \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\int \cot^2(x)(-4a + 3a \csc(x)) dx}{4a^2} \\
&= \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x)(8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a} + \frac{\int (-8a + 3a \csc(x)) dx}{8a^2} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x)(8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a} + \frac{3 \int \csc(x) dx}{8a} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{8a} + \frac{\cot^3(x)(4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x)(8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [B] time = 0.0525165, size = 163, normalized size = 3.33

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{3a} - \frac{2 \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{3a} - \frac{\csc^4\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{64a} + \frac{5 \csc^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{32a} + \frac{\sec^4\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{64a} - \frac{5 \sec^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{32a} + \frac{3 \log\left(\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{8a} - \frac{3 \log\left(\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{8a} + \frac{\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Cot[x]^6/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] $-(x/a) - (2*\text{Cot}[x/2])/(3*a) + (5*\text{Csc}[x/2]^2)/(32*a) + (\text{Cot}[x/2]*\text{Csc}[x/2]^2)/(24*a) - \text{Csc}[x/2]^4/(64*a) - (3*\text{Log}[\text{Cos}[x/2]])/(8*a) + (3*\text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x/2]])/(8*a) - (5*\text{Sec}[x/2]^2)/(32*a) + \text{Sec}[x/2]^4/(64*a) + (2*\text{Tan}[x/2])/(3*a) - (\text{Se}\text{c}[x/2]^2*\text{Tan}[x/2])/(24*a)$

Maple [B] time = 0.069, size = 108, normalized size = 2.2

$$\frac{1}{64a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^4 - \frac{1}{24a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^3 - \frac{1}{8a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^2 + \frac{5}{8a} \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \frac{\arctan(\tan(x/2))}{a} - \frac{1}{64a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^{-4} + \frac{1}{24a} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^{-3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^6/(a+a*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{64}a\tan(\frac{1}{2}x)^4 - \frac{1}{24}a\tan(\frac{1}{2}x)^3 - \frac{1}{8}a\tan(\frac{1}{2}x)^2 + \frac{5}{8}a\tan(\frac{1}{2}x) - \frac{2}{a}\arctan(\tan(\frac{1}{2}x)) - \frac{1}{64}a\tan(\frac{1}{2}x)^4 + \frac{1}{24}a\tan(\frac{1}{2}x)^3 + \frac{1}{8}a\tan(\frac{1}{2}x)^2 - \frac{5}{8}a\tan(\frac{1}{2}x) + \frac{3}{8}a\ln(\tan(\frac{1}{2}x))$

Maxima [B] time = 1.46734, size = 181, normalized size = 3.69

$$\frac{\frac{120 \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} - \frac{24 \sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} - \frac{8 \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3} + \frac{3 \sin(x)^4}{(\cos(x)+1)^4}}{192 a} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{a} + \frac{3 \log\left(\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1}\right)}{8 a} + \frac{\left(\frac{8 \sin(x)}{\cos(x)+1} + \frac{24 \sin(x)^2}{(\cos(x)+1)^2} - \frac{120 \sin(x)^3}{(\cos(x)+1)^3}\right)}{192 a \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{192}*(120*\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1) - 24*\sin(x)^2/(\cos(x) + 1)^2 - 8*\sin(x)^3/(\cos(x) + 1)^3 + 3*\sin(x)^4/(\cos(x) + 1)^4)/a - 2*\arctan(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1))/a + 3/8*\log(\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1))/a + 1/192*(8*\sin(x)/(\cos(x) + 1) + 24*\sin(x)^2/(\cos(x) + 1)^2 - 120*\sin(x)^3/(\cos(x) + 1)^3 - 3)*(\cos(x) + 1)^4/(a*\sin(x)^4)$

Fricas [B] time = 0.506739, size = 336, normalized size = 6.86

$$\frac{48 x \cos(x)^4 - 96 x \cos(x)^2 + 30 \cos(x)^3 + 9 (\cos(x)^4 - 2 \cos(x)^2 + 1) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - 9 (\cos(x)^4 - 2 \cos(x)^2)^2}{48 (a \cos(x)^4 - 2 a \cos(x)^2 + a)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{-1}{48}*(48*x*\cos(x)^4 - 96*x*\cos(x)^2 + 30*\cos(x)^3 + 9*(\cos(x)^4 - 2*\cos(x)^2 + 1)*\log(1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - 9*(\cos(x)^4 - 2*\cos(x)^2 + 1)*\log(-1/2*\cos(x) + 1/2) - 16*(4*\cos(x)^3 - 3*\cos(x))*\sin(x) + 48*x - 18*\cos(x))/(a*\cos(x)^4 - 2*a*\cos(x)^2 + a)$

Sympy [F(-1)] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

Timed out

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**6/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] Timed out

Giac [B] time = 1.39928, size = 147, normalized size = 3.

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{3 \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right|\right)}{8a} + \frac{3a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^4 - 8a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 - 24a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 + 120a^3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)}{192a^4} - \frac{150 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^4 + 120 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 - 24 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 + 3}{192a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $-x/a + 3/8*\log(\text{abs}(\tan(1/2*x)))/a + 1/192*(3*a^3*tan(1/2*x)^4 - 8*a^3*tan(1/2*x)^3 - 24*a^3*tan(1/2*x)^2 + 120*a^3*tan(1/2*x))/a^4 - 1/192*(150*tan(1/2*x)^4 + 120*tan(1/2*x)^3 - 24*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 8*tan(1/2*x) + 3)/(a*tan(1/2*x)^4)$

3.11 $\int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=58

$$-\frac{\csc^5(x)}{5a} + \frac{\csc^4(x)}{4a} + \frac{2\csc^3(x)}{3a} - \frac{\csc^2(x)}{a} - \frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $-(\text{Csc}[x]/a) - \text{Csc}[x]^2/a + (2*\text{Csc}[x]^3)/(3*a) + \text{Csc}[x]^4/(4*a) - \text{Csc}[x]^5/(5*a) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0581809, antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.154, Rules used = {3879, 88}

$$-\frac{\csc^5(x)}{5a} + \frac{\csc^4(x)}{4a} + \frac{2\csc^3(x)}{3a} - \frac{\csc^2(x)}{a} - \frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^7/(a + a*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-(\text{Csc}[x]/a) - \text{Csc}[x]^2/a + (2*\text{Csc}[x]^3)/(3*a) + \text{Csc}[x]^4/(4*a) - \text{Csc}[x]^5/(5*a) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 3879

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a^(m - n - 1)*b^n*d), Subst[Int[((a - b*x)^(m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^(n - 1)/2]/x^(m + n), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 88

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && IntegersQ[m, n] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -1]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a + a \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(a-ax)^3(a+ax)^2}{x^6} dx, x, \sin(x)\right)}{a^6} \\ &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{a^5}{x^6} - \frac{a^5}{x^5} - \frac{2a^5}{x^4} + \frac{2a^5}{x^3} + \frac{a^5}{x^2} - \frac{a^5}{x}\right) dx, x, \sin(x)\right)}{a^6} \\ &= -\frac{\csc(x)}{a} - \frac{\csc^2(x)}{a} + \frac{2\csc^3(x)}{3a} + \frac{\csc^4(x)}{4a} - \frac{\csc^5(x)}{5a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.049801, size = 39, normalized size = 0.67

$$-\frac{\frac{\csc^5(x)}{5} - \frac{\csc^4(x)}{4} - \frac{2\csc^3(x)}{3} + \csc^2(x) + \csc(x) + \log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^7/(a + a*Csc[x]), x]

[Out] $-\left((\csc(x) + \csc(x)^2 - (2*\csc(x)^3)/3 - \csc(x)^4/4 + \csc(x)^5/5 + \log(\sin(x)))\right)/a$

Maple [A] time = 0.073, size = 55, normalized size = 1.

$$\frac{2}{3a(\sin(x))^3} - \frac{1}{a(\sin(x))^2} + \frac{1}{4a(\sin(x))^4} - \frac{\ln(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{1}{a\sin(x)} - \frac{1}{5a(\sin(x))^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)^7/(a+a*csc(x)), x)

[Out] $\frac{2}{3a\sin(x)^3} - \frac{1}{a\sin(x)^2} + \frac{1}{4a\sin(x)^4} - \frac{\ln(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{1}{a\sin(x)} - \frac{1}{5a\sin(x)^5}$

Maxima [A] time = 0.960434, size = 57, normalized size = 0.98

$$-\frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{60\sin(x)^4 + 60\sin(x)^3 - 40\sin(x)^2 - 15\sin(x) + 12}{60a\sin(x)^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$\frac{-\log(\sin(x))/a - 1/60*(60*\sin(x)^4 + 60*\sin(x)^3 - 40*\sin(x)^2 - 15*\sin(x) + 12)/(a*\sin(x)^5)}{60}$$

Fricas [A] time = 0.508639, size = 224, normalized size = 3.86

$$\frac{60 \cos(x)^4 + 60 (\cos(x)^4 - 2 \cos(x)^2 + 1) \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin(x)\right) \sin(x) - 80 \cos(x)^2 - 15 (4 \cos(x)^2 - 3) \sin(x) + 32}{60 (\cos(x)^4 - 2 \cos(x)^2 + 1) \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+a*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\frac{-1/60*(60*\cos(x)^4 + 60*(\cos(x)^4 - 2*\cos(x)^2 + 1)*\log(1/2*\sin(x))*\sin(x) - 80*\cos(x)^2 - 15*(4*\cos(x)^2 - 3)*\sin(x) + 32)/((a*\cos(x)^4 - 2*a*\cos(x)^2 + a)*\sin(x))}{60}$$

Sympy [F(-1)] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

Timed out

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**7/(a+a*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] Timed out

Giac [A] time = 1.38837, size = 58, normalized size = 1.

$$-\frac{\log(|\sin(x)|)}{a} - \frac{60 \sin(x)^4 + 60 \sin(x)^3 - 40 \sin(x)^2 - 15 \sin(x) + 12}{60 a \sin(x)^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate($\cot(x)^7 / (a + a \csc(x))$, x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $-\log(\left| \sin(x) \right|)/a - \frac{1}{60} (60 \sin(x)^4 + 60 \sin(x)^3 - 40 \sin(x)^2 - 15 \sin(x) + 12) / (a \sin(x)^5)$

3.12 $\int \frac{\tan^5(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=178

$$\frac{b^6 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a (a^2 - b^2)^3} - \frac{(8a^2 + 21ab + 15b^2) \log(1 - \csc(x))}{16(a + b)^3} - \frac{(8a^2 - 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\csc(x) + 1)}{16(a - b)^3} + \frac{5a + 7b}{16(a + b)^2(1 - \csc(x))}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{Out}] \quad & 1/(16*(a + b)*(1 - \text{Csc}[x])^2) + (5*a + 7*b)/(16*(a + b)^2*(1 - \text{Csc}[x])) + 1 \\ & /(16*(a - b)*(1 + \text{Csc}[x])^2) + (5*a - 7*b)/(16*(a - b)^2*(1 + \text{Csc}[x])) - ((8*a^2 + 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*\text{Log}[1 - \text{Csc}[x]])/(16*(a + b)^3) - ((8*a^2 - 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*\text{Log}[1 + \text{Csc}[x]])/(16*(a - b)^3) + (b^6*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Csc}[x]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^3) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] time = 0.271979, antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.154, Rules used = {3885, 894}

$$\frac{b^6 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a (a^2 - b^2)^3} - \frac{(8a^2 + 21ab + 15b^2) \log(1 - \csc(x))}{16(a + b)^3} - \frac{(8a^2 - 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\csc(x) + 1)}{16(a - b)^3} + \frac{5a + 7b}{16(a + b)^2(1 - \csc(x))}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\tan[x]^5/(a + b*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{Out}] \quad & 1/(16*(a + b)*(1 - \text{Csc}[x])^2) + (5*a + 7*b)/(16*(a + b)^2*(1 - \text{Csc}[x])) + 1 \\ & /(16*(a - b)*(1 + \text{Csc}[x])^2) + (5*a - 7*b)/(16*(a - b)^2*(1 + \text{Csc}[x])) - ((8*a^2 + 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*\text{Log}[1 - \text{Csc}[x]])/(16*(a + b)^3) - ((8*a^2 - 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*\text{Log}[1 + \text{Csc}[x]])/(16*(a - b)^3) + (b^6*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Csc}[x]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^3) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a \end{aligned}$$

Rule 3885

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.)^(n_), x_Symbol] :> -Dist[(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[((b^2 - x^2)^(m - 1)/2)*(a + x)^n]/x, x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 894

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegerQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\tan^5(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= b^6 \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x(a+x)(b^2-x^2)^3} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right) \\ &= b^6 \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{1}{8b^4(a+b)(b-x)^3} + \frac{5a+7b}{16b^5(a+b)^2(b-x)^2} + \frac{8a^2+21ab+15b^2}{16b^6(a+b)^3(b-x)} + \frac{1}{ab^6x} + \frac{1}{a(a-b)^3(a+b)^2}\right.\right. \\ &\quad \left.\left.-\frac{1}{16(a+b)(1-\csc(x))^2} - \frac{5a+7b}{16(a+b)^2(1-\csc(x))} + \frac{1}{16(a-b)(1+\csc(x))^2} + \frac{5a-7b}{16(a-b)^2(1+\csc(x))}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.75652, size = 172, normalized size = 0.97

$$\frac{\csc(x)(a \sin(x) + b) \left(-\frac{(8a^2+21ab+15b^2) \log(1-\sin(x))}{(a+b)^3} - \frac{(8a^2-21ab+15b^2) \log(\sin(x)+1)}{(a-b)^3} + \frac{16b^6 \log(a \sin(x)+b)}{a(a-b)^3(a+b)^3} + \frac{7a+9b}{(a+b)^2(\sin(x)-1)} + \frac{9b-7a}{(a-b)^2(\sin(x)+1)} \right)}{16(a + b \csc(x))}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Tan[x]^5/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] $\frac{(\csc(x)*(b + a*\sin(x))*(-(8*a^2 + 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*\log[1 - \sin(x)]/(a + b)^3) - ((8*a^2 - 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*\log[1 + \sin(x)]/(a - b)^3 + (16*b^6*\log[b + a*\sin(x]])/(a*(a - b)^3*(a + b)^3) + 1/((a + b)*(-1 + \sin(x))^2) + (7*a + 9*b)/((a + b)^2*(-1 + \sin(x))) + 1/((a - b)*(1 + \sin(x))^2) + (-7*a + 9*b)/((a - b)^2*(1 + \sin(x))))/(16*(a + b*\csc(x)))$

Maple [A] time = 0.064, size = 216, normalized size = 1.2

$$\frac{b^6 \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{(a + b)^3 (a - b)^3 a} + \frac{1}{(16 a - 16 b) (\sin(x) + 1)^2} - \frac{7 a}{16 (a - b)^2 (\sin(x) + 1)} + \frac{9 b}{16 (a - b)^2 (\sin(x) + 1)} - \frac{\ln(\sin(x) + 1) a^2}{2 (a - b)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(tan(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] $b^6/(a+b)^3/(a-b)^3/a*\ln(b+a*\sin(x))+1/2/(8*a-8*b)/(\sin(x)+1)^2-7/16/(a-b)^2/(\sin(x)+1)*a+9/16/(a-b)^2/(\sin(x)+1)*b-1/2/(a-b)^3*\ln(\sin(x)+1)*a^2+21/16/(a-b)^3*\ln(\sin(x)+1)*a*b-15/16/(a-b)^3*\ln(\sin(x)+1)*b^2+1/2/(8*a+8*b)/(\sin(x)-1)^2+7/16/(a+b)^2/(\sin(x)-1)*a+9/16/(a+b)^2/(\sin(x)-1)*b-1/2/(a+b)^3*\ln(\sin(x)-1)*a^2-21/16/(a+b)^3*\ln(\sin(x)-1)*a*b-15/16/(a+b)^3*\ln(\sin(x)-1)*b^2$

Maxima [A] time = 1.18709, size = 339, normalized size = 1.9

$$\frac{b^6 \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a^7 - 3a^5b^2 + 3a^3b^4 - ab^6} - \frac{(8a^2 - 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{16(a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)} - \frac{(8a^2 + 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\sin(x) - 1)}{16(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} - \frac{(5a^2b - 15ab^2) \log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{8(a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $b^6*\log(a*\sin(x) + b)/(a^7 - 3a^5b^2 + 3a^3b^4 - a*b^6) - 1/16*(8*a^2 - 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*\log(\sin(x) + 1)/(a^3 - 3a^2b + 3a*b^2 - b^3) - 1/16*(8*a^2 + 21*a*b + 15*b^2)*\log(\sin(x) - 1)/(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3a*b^2 + b^3) - 1/8*((5*a^2*b - 9*b^3)*\sin(x)^3 + 6*a^3 - 10*a*b^2 - 4*(2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*\sin(x)^2 - (3*a^2*b - 7*b^3)*\sin(x))/((a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*\sin(x)^4 + a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 - 2*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*\sin(x)^2)$

Fricas [A] time = 1.01934, size = 602, normalized size = 3.38

$$16b^6 \cos(x)^4 \log(a \sin(x) + b) + 4a^6 - 8a^4b^2 + 4a^2b^4 - (8a^6 + 3a^5b - 24a^4b^2 - 10a^3b^3 + 24a^2b^4 + 15ab^5) \cos(x)^4$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $1/16*(16b^6 \cos(x)^4 \log(a \sin(x) + b) + 4a^6 - 8a^4b^2 + 4a^2b^4 - (8a^6 + 3a^5b - 24a^4b^2 - 10a^3b^3 + 24a^2b^4 + 15ab^5) \cos(x)^4 * \log(\sin(x) + 1) - (8a^6 - 3a^5b - 24a^4b^2 + 10a^3b^3 + 24a^2b^4 - 15ab^5) \cos(x)^4 * \log(-\sin(x) + 1) - 8*(2*a^6 - 5a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4)*c)$

$$\cos(x)^2 - 2*(2*a^5*b - 4*a^3*b^3 + 2*a*b^5 - (5*a^5*b - 14*a^3*b^3 + 9*a*b^5)*\cos(x)^2)*\sin(x)) / ((a^7 - 3*a^5*b^2 + 3*a^3*b^4 - a*b^6)*\cos(x)^4)$$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\int \frac{\tan^5(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)**5/(a+b*csc(x)),x)

[Out] Integral(tan(x)**5/(a + b*csc(x)), x)

Giac [A] time = 1.33538, size = 340, normalized size = 1.91

$$\frac{b^6 \log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{a^7 - 3a^5b^2 + 3a^3b^4 - ab^6} - \frac{(8a^2 - 21ab + 15b^2) \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{16(a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)} - \frac{(8a^2 + 21ab + 15b^2) \log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{16(a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3)} - \frac{6a^5 - 16a^3b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - ab^6}{16(a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] $b^6 \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a^7 - 3a^5b^2 + 3a^3b^4 - a*b^6) - 1/16 * (8*a^2 - 21*a*b + 15*b^2) * \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a^3 - 3a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 - b^3) - 1/16 * (8*a^2 + 21*a*b + 15*b^2) * \log(-\sin(x) + 1) / (a^3 + 3*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3) - 1/8 * (6*a^5 - 16*a^3*b^2 + 10*a*b^4 + (5*a^4*b - 14*a^2*b^3 + 9*b^5)*\sin(x)^3 - 4*(2*a^5 - 5*a^3*b^2 + 3*a*b^4)*\sin(x)^2 - (3*a^4*b - 10*a^2*b^3 + 7*b^5)*\sin(x)) / ((a + b)^3 * (a - b)^3 * (\sin(x) + 1)^2 * (\sin(x) - 1)^2)$

3.13 $\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=113

$$\frac{b^4 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a (a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{1}{4(a + b)(1 - \csc(x))} - \frac{1}{4(a - b)(\csc(x) + 1)} + \frac{(2a + 3b) \log(1 - \csc(x))}{4(a + b)^2} + \frac{(2a - 3b) \log(\csc(x) + 1)}{4(a - b)^2}$$

[Out] $-1/(4*(a + b)*(1 - \csc[x])) - 1/(4*(a - b)*(1 + \csc[x])) + ((2*a + 3*b)*\log[1 - \csc[x]])/(4*(a + b)^2) + ((2*a - 3*b)*\log[1 + \csc[x]])/(4*(a - b)^2) + (b^4*\log[a + b*\csc[x]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^2) + \log[\sin[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.166837, antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.154, Rules used = {3885, 894}

$$\frac{b^4 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a (a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{1}{4(a + b)(1 - \csc(x))} - \frac{1}{4(a - b)(\csc(x) + 1)} + \frac{(2a + 3b) \log(1 - \csc(x))}{4(a + b)^2} + \frac{(2a - 3b) \log(\csc(x) + 1)}{4(a - b)^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\tan[x]^3/(a + b*\csc[x]), x]$

[Out] $-1/(4*(a + b)*(1 - \csc[x])) - 1/(4*(a - b)*(1 + \csc[x])) + ((2*a + 3*b)*\log[1 - \csc[x]])/(4*(a + b)^2) + ((2*a - 3*b)*\log[1 + \csc[x]])/(4*(a - b)^2) + (b^4*\log[a + b*\csc[x]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^2) + \log[\sin[x]]/a$

Rule 3885

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.)^(n_), x_Symbol] :> -Dist[(-1)^(m - 1)/2]/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[((b^2 - x^2)^(m - 1)/2)*(a + x)^n]/x, x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x], x]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 894

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^n*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^p, x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x)^p], x]; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegersQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ
```

[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx &= - \left(b^4 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x(a+x)(b^2-x^2)^2} dx, x, b \csc(x) \right) \right) \\ &= - \left(b^4 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{1}{4b^3(a+b)(b-x)^2} + \frac{2a+3b}{4b^4(a+b)^2(b-x)} + \frac{1}{ab^4x} - \frac{1}{a(a-b)^2(a+b)^2(a+x)} - \frac{1}{4(a-b)^2} \right) dx, x, b \csc(x) \right) \right) \\ &= - \frac{1}{4(a+b)(1-\csc(x))} - \frac{1}{4(a-b)(1+\csc(x))} + \frac{(2a+3b)\log(1-\csc(x))}{4(a+b)^2} + \frac{(2a-3b)\log(1+\csc(x))}{4(a-b)^2} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.485476, size = 115, normalized size = 1.02

$$\frac{\csc(x)(a \sin(x) + b) \left(\frac{4b^4 \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a(a-b)^2(a+b)^2} - \frac{1}{(a+b)(\sin(x)-1)} + \frac{1}{(a-b)(\sin(x)+1)} + \frac{(2a+3b) \log(1-\sin(x))}{(a+b)^2} + \frac{(2a-3b) \log(\sin(x)+1)}{(a-b)^2} \right)}{4(a+b \csc(x))}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Tan[x]^3/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]

[Out] $(\csc(x)*(b + a*\sin(x))*((2*a + 3*b)*\log[1 - \sin(x])/(a + b)^2 + ((2*a - 3*b)*\log[1 + \sin(x])/(a - b)^2 + (4*b^4*\log[b + a*\sin(x])/(a*(a - b)^2*(a + b)^2) - 1/((a + b)*(-1 + \sin(x))) + 1/((a - b)*(1 + \sin(x)))))/(4*(a + b)*\csc(x)))$

Maple [A] time = 0.058, size = 117, normalized size = 1.

$$\frac{b^4 \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{(a + b)^2 (a - b)^2 a} + \frac{1}{(4 a - 4 b) (\sin(x) + 1)} + \frac{a \ln(\sin(x) + 1)}{2 (a - b)^2} - \frac{3 \ln(\sin(x) + 1) b}{4 (a - b)^2} - \frac{1}{(4 a + 4 b) (\sin(x) - 1)} + \frac{a \ln(\sin(x) - 1)}{2 (a + b)^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(tan(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)), x)

[Out] $b^4/(a+b)^2/(a-b)^2/a*\ln(b+a*\sin(x))+1/(4*a-4*b)/(\sin(x)+1)+1/2*a*\ln(\sin(x)+1)/(a-b)^2-3/4/(a-b)^2*\ln(\sin(x)+1)*b-1/(4*a+4*b)/(\sin(x)-1)+1/2*a/(a+b)^2$

*ln(sin(x)-1)+3/4/(a+b)^2*ln(sin(x)-1)*b

Maxima [A] time = 0.964176, size = 162, normalized size = 1.43

$$\frac{b^4 \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4} + \frac{(2a - 3b) \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{4(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{(2a + 3b) \log(\sin(x) - 1)}{4(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{b \sin(x) - a}{2((a^2 - b^2) \sin(x)^2 - a^2 + b^2)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $b^4 \log(a \sin(x) + b) / (a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4) + 1/4 * (2a - 3b) * \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a^2 - 2ab + b^2) + 1/4 * (2a + 3b) * \log(\sin(x) - 1) / (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) + 1/2 * (b \sin(x) - a) / ((a^2 - b^2) * \sin(x)^2 - a^2 + b^2)$

Fricas [A] time = 0.705348, size = 344, normalized size = 3.04

$$\frac{4b^4 \cos(x)^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) + 2a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + (2a^4 + a^3b - 4a^2b^2 - 3ab^3) \cos(x)^2 \log(\sin(x) + 1) + (2a^4 - a^3b - 4a^2b^2 - 3ab^3) \cos(x)^2 \log(\sin(x) - 1)}{4(a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4) \cos(x)^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $1/4 * (4b^4 \cos(x)^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) + 2a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + (2a^4 + a^3b - 4a^2b^2 - 3ab^3) \cos(x)^2 \log(\sin(x) + 1) + (2a^4 - a^3b - 4a^2b^2 - 3ab^3) \cos(x)^2 \log(-\sin(x) + 1) - 2(a^3b - a^2b^3) \sin(x)) / ((a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4) \cos(x)^2)$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(tan(x)**3/(a+b*csc(x)),x)

[Out] $\text{Integral}(\tan(x)^{**3}/(a + b*\csc(x)), x)$

Giac [A] time = 1.36105, size = 188, normalized size = 1.66

$$\frac{b^4 \log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{a^5 - 2a^3b^2 + ab^4} + \frac{(2a - 3b) \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{4(a^2 - 2ab + b^2)} + \frac{(2a + 3b) \log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{4(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)} - \frac{a^3 - ab^2 - (a^2b - b^3) \sin(x)}{2(a + b)^2(a - b)^2(\sin(x) + 1)(\sin(x) - 1)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\text{integrate}(\tan(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)), x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"giac"})$

[Out] $b^{4*}\log(\left|a*\sin(x) + b\right|)/(a^{5} - 2*a^{3}*b^{2} + a*b^{4}) + 1/4*(2*a - 3*b)*\log(\sin(x) + 1)/(a^{2} - 2*a*b + b^{2}) + 1/4*(2*a + 3*b)*\log(-\sin(x) + 1)/(a^{2} + 2*a*b + b^{2}) - 1/2*(a^{3} - a*b^{2} - (a^{2}*b - b^{3})*\sin(x))/((a + b)^{2}(a - b)^{2}*(\sin(x) + 1)*(\sin(x) - 1))$

3.14 $\int \frac{\tan(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=66

$$\frac{b^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a (a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{\log(1 - \csc(x))}{2(a + b)} - \frac{\log(\csc(x) + 1)}{2(a - b)} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $-\text{Log}[1 - \csc[x]]/(2*(a + b)) - \text{Log}[1 + \csc[x]]/(2*(a - b)) + (b^2*\text{Log}[a + b]*\csc[x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) - \text{Log}[\sin[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0906753, antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.182, Rules used = {3885, 894}

$$\frac{b^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a (a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{\log(1 - \csc(x))}{2(a + b)} - \frac{\log(\csc(x) + 1)}{2(a - b)} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\tan[x]/(a + b*\csc[x]), x]$

[Out] $-\text{Log}[1 - \csc[x]]/(2*(a + b)) - \text{Log}[1 + \csc[x]]/(2*(a - b)) + (b^2*\text{Log}[a + b]*\csc[x])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) - \text{Log}[\sin[x]]/a$

Rule 3885

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> -Dist[(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[((b^2 - x^2)^(m - 1)/2)*(a + x)^n]/x, x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 894

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^m*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^n*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^p_, x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x)^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegersQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\tan(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= b^2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x(a+x)(b^2-x^2)} dx, x, b \csc(x) \right) \\
&= b^2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{1}{2b^2(a+b)(b-x)} + \frac{1}{ab^2x} + \frac{1}{a(a-b)(a+b)(a+x)} - \frac{1}{2(a-b)b^2(b+x)} \right) dx, x, b \csc(x) \right) \\
&= -\frac{\log(1 - \csc(x))}{2(a+b)} - \frac{\log(1 + \csc(x))}{2(a-b)} + \frac{b^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.0611355, size = 56, normalized size = 0.85

$$-\frac{-2b^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) + a(a-b) \log(1 - \sin(x)) + a(a+b) \log(\sin(x) + 1)}{2a(a-b)(a+b)}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Tan[x]/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] `-(a*(a - b)*Log[1 - Sin[x]] + a*(a + b)*Log[1 + Sin[x]] - 2*b^2*Log[b + a*Sin[x]])/(2*a*(a - b)*(a + b))`

Maple [A] time = 0.049, size = 60, normalized size = 0.9

$$\frac{b^2 \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{(a + b)(a - b)a} - \frac{\ln(\sin(x) + 1)}{2a - 2b} - \frac{\ln(\sin(x) - 1)}{2a + 2b}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(tan(x)/(a+b*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] `b^2/(a+b)/(a-b)/a*ln(b+a*sin(x))-1/(2*a-2*b)*ln(sin(x)+1)-1/(2*a+2*b)*ln(sin(x)-1)`

Maxima [A] time = 0.976723, size = 68, normalized size = 1.03

$$\frac{b^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a^3 - ab^2} - \frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{2(a - b)} - \frac{\log(\sin(x) - 1)}{2(a + b)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $b^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) / (a^3 - a \cdot b^2) - 1/2 \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a - b) - 1/2 \log(\sin(x) - 1) / (a + b)$

Fricas [A] time = 0.551987, size = 143, normalized size = 2.17

$$\frac{2 b^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) - (a^2 + ab) \log(\sin(x) + 1) - (a^2 - ab) \log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{2(a^3 - ab^2)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $1/2 * (2 * b^2 * \log(a \sin(x) + b) - (a^2 + a \cdot b) * \log(\sin(x) + 1) - (a^2 - a \cdot b) * \log(-\sin(x) + 1)) / (a^3 - a \cdot b^2)$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\int \frac{\tan(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(tan(x)/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [A] time = 1.40585, size = 72, normalized size = 1.09

$$\frac{b^2 \log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{a^3 - ab^2} - \frac{\log(\sin(x) + 1)}{2(a - b)} - \frac{\log(-\sin(x) + 1)}{2(a + b)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $b^2 \log(\text{abs}(a \sin(x) + b)) / (a^3 - a b^2) - 1/2 \log(\sin(x) + 1) / (a - b) - 1/2 \log(-\sin(x) + 1) / (a + b)$

3.15 $\int \frac{\cot(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=19

$$\frac{\log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

[Out] $\text{Log}[a + b \csc[x]]/a + \text{Log}[\sin[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.024461, antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, integrand size = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.364, Rules used = {3885, 36, 29, 31}

$$\frac{\log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\cot[x]/(a + b \csc[x]), x]$

[Out] $\text{Log}[a + b \csc[x]]/a + \text{Log}[\sin[x]]/a$

Rule 3885

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> -Dist[(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[((b^2 - x^2)^(m - 1)/2)*(a + x)^n]/x, x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 36

```
Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] :> Dist[b/(b*c - a*d), Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Dist[d/(b*c - a*d), Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

Rule 29

```
Int[(x_)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[x], x]
```

Rule 31

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^( -1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cot(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= -\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x(a+x)} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right) \\ &= -\frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{a} + \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{a+x} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{a} \\ &= \frac{\log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.0083844, size = 11, normalized size = 0.58

$$\frac{\log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Cot[x]/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]

[Out] Log[b + a*Sin[x]]/a

Maple [A] time = 0.034, size = 21, normalized size = 1.1

$$\frac{\ln(a + b \csc(x))}{a} - \frac{\ln(\csc(x))}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)/(a+b*csc(x)), x)

[Out] ln(a+b*csc(x))/a-1/a*ln(csc(x))

Maxima [A] time = 0.950783, size = 15, normalized size = 0.79

$$\frac{\log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\log(a \sin(x) + b)/a$

Fricas [A] time = 0.489073, size = 28, normalized size = 1.47

$$\frac{\log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\log(a \sin(x) + b)/a$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\int \frac{\cot(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [A] time = 1.20945, size = 16, normalized size = 0.84

$$\frac{\log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\log(\text{abs}(a \sin(x) + b))/a$

3.16 $\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=38

$$-\frac{\left(1 - \frac{a^2}{b^2}\right) \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{\csc(x)}{b}$$

[Out] $-(\text{Csc}[x]/b) - ((1 - a^2/b^2)*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Csc}[x]])/a - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0629755, antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.154, Rules used = {3885, 894}

$$-\frac{\left(1 - \frac{a^2}{b^2}\right) \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{\csc(x)}{b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^3/(a + b*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-(\text{Csc}[x]/b) - ((1 - a^2/b^2)*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Csc}[x]])/a - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 3885

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> -Dist[(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[((b^2 - x^2)^(m - 1)/2)*(a + x)^n)/x, x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 894

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x)^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegersQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{b^2 - x^2}{x(a+x)} dx, x, b \csc(x) \right)}{b^2} \\
&= \frac{\text{Subst} \left(\int \left(-1 + \frac{b^2}{ax} + \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a(a+x)} \right) dx, x, b \csc(x) \right)}{b^2} \\
&= -\frac{\csc(x)}{b} - \frac{\left(1 - \frac{a^2}{b^2}\right) \log(a + b \csc(x))}{a} - \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.048905, size = 39, normalized size = 1.03

$$\frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(a \sin(x) + b) + a^2(-\log(\sin(x))) - ab \csc(x)}{ab^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Cot[x]^3/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] `(-(a*b*Csc[x]) - a^2*Log[Sin[x]] + (a^2 - b^2)*Log[b + a*Sin[x]])/(a*b^2)`

Maple [A] time = 0.046, size = 44, normalized size = 1.2

$$\frac{a \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{b^2} - \frac{\ln(b + a \sin(x))}{a} - \frac{1}{b \sin(x)} - \frac{a \ln(\sin(x))}{b^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] `1/b^2*a*ln(b+a*sin(x))-1/a*ln(b+a*sin(x))-1/b/sin(x)-a/b^2*ln(sin(x))`

Maxima [A] time = 0.959338, size = 57, normalized size = 1.5

$$-\frac{a \log(\sin(x))}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{ab^2} - \frac{1}{b \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-\frac{a \log(\sin(x))}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(a \sin(x) + b)}{a^2 b^2} - \frac{1}{b \sin(x)}$

Fricas [A] time = 0.549081, size = 124, normalized size = 3.26

$$\frac{a^2 \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sin(x)\right) \sin(x) - (a^2 - b^2) \log(a \sin(x) + b) \sin(x) + ab}{ab^2 \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-\frac{(a^2 \log(-1/2 \sin(x)) * \sin(x) - (a^2 - b^2) \log(a \sin(x) + b) * \sin(x) + a * b)}{(a * b^2 * \sin(x))}$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**3/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**3/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [A] time = 1.39481, size = 59, normalized size = 1.55

$$-\frac{a \log(|\sin(x)|)}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(|a \sin(x) + b|)}{ab^2} - \frac{1}{b \sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^3/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out]
$$-\frac{a \log(\left| \sin(x) \right|)}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2) \log(\left| a \sin(x) + b \right|)}{a b^2} - \frac{1}{b \sin(x)}$$

3.17 $\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=72

$$-\frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \csc(x)}{b^3} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{ab^4} + \frac{a \csc^2(x)}{2b^2} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{\csc^3(x)}{3b}$$

[Out] $-((a^2 - 2b^2)*\text{Csc}[x])/b^3 + (a*\text{Csc}[x]^2)/(2*b^2) - \text{Csc}[x]^3/(3*b) + ((a^2 - b^2)^2*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Csc}[x]])/(a*b^4) + \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.0834981, antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.154, Rules used = {3885, 894}

$$-\frac{(a^2 - 2b^2) \csc(x)}{b^3} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{ab^4} + \frac{a \csc^2(x)}{2b^2} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a} - \frac{\csc^3(x)}{3b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\cot[x]^5/(a + b*\csc[x]), x]$

[Out] $-((a^2 - 2b^2)*\text{Csc}[x])/b^3 + (a*\text{Csc}[x]^2)/(2*b^2) - \text{Csc}[x]^3/(3*b) + ((a^2 - b^2)^2*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Csc}[x]])/(a*b^4) + \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 3885

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> -Dist[(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[((b^2 - x^2)^(m - 1)/2)*(a + x)^n]/x, x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 894

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^n*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegersQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= -\frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(b^2-x^2)^2}{x(a+x)} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{b^4} \\
&= -\frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(a^2\left(1-\frac{2b^2}{a^2}\right) + \frac{b^4}{ax} - ax + x^2 - \frac{(a^2-b^2)^2}{a(a+x)}\right) dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{b^4} \\
&= -\frac{(a^2-2b^2)\csc(x)}{b^3} + \frac{a \csc^2(x)}{2b^2} - \frac{\csc^3(x)}{3b} + \frac{(a^2-b^2)^2 \log(a+b \csc(x))}{ab^4} + \frac{\log(\sin(x))}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.132058, size = 85, normalized size = 1.18

$$\frac{3a^2b^2 \csc^2(x) - 6ab(a^2 - 2b^2) \csc(x) - 6a^2(a^2 - 2b^2) \log(\sin(x)) + 6(a^2 - b^2)^2 \log(a \sin(x) + b) - 2ab^3 \csc^3(x)}{6ab^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^5/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]

[Out] $\frac{(-6*a*b*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Csc[x] + 3*a^2*b^2*Csc[x]^2 - 2*a*b^3*Csc[x]^3 - 6*a^2*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Log[\sin[x]] + 6*(a^2 - b^2)^2*Log[b + a*\sin[x]])}{(6*a*b^4)}$

Maple [A] time = 0.052, size = 100, normalized size = 1.4

$$\frac{a^3 \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{b^4} - 2 \frac{a \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{b^2} + \frac{\ln(b + a \sin(x))}{a} - \frac{1}{3 b (\sin(x))^3} - \frac{a^2}{b^3 \sin(x)} + 2 \frac{1}{b \sin(x)} + \frac{a}{2 b^2 (\sin(x))^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(cot(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)), x)

[Out] $\frac{1}{b^4}a^3 \ln(b + a \sin(x)) - 2 \frac{a^2 \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{b^2} + \frac{\ln(b + a \sin(x))}{a} - \frac{1}{3 b (\sin(x))^3} - \frac{a^2}{b^3 \sin(x)} + 2 \frac{1}{b \sin(x)} + \frac{a}{2 b^2 (\sin(x))^2}$

Maxima [A] time = 0.992234, size = 113, normalized size = 1.57

$$-\frac{(a^3 - 2ab^2)\log(\sin(x))}{b^4} + \frac{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\log(a\sin(x) + b)}{ab^4} + \frac{3ab\sin(x) - 6(a^2 - 2b^2)\sin(x)^2 - 2b^2}{6b^3\sin(x)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-(a^3 - 2a^2b^2)\log(\sin(x))/b^4 + (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\log(a\sin(x) + b)/(a^2b^4) + 1/6*(3a^2b^2\sin(x) - 6(a^2 - 2b^2)\sin(x)^2 - 2b^2)/(b^3\sin(x)^3)$

Fricas [B] time = 0.59997, size = 369, normalized size = 5.12

$$\frac{3a^2b^2\sin(x) - 6a^3b + 10ab^3 + 6(a^3b - 2ab^3)\cos(x)^2 + 6(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 - (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\cos(x)^2)\log(a\sin(x))}{6(ab^4\cos(x)^2 - ab^4)\sin(x)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-1/6*(3a^2b^2\sin(x) - 6a^3b + 10a^2b^3 + 6(a^3b - 2a^2b^3)\cos(x)^2 + 6(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 - (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\cos(x)^2)\log(a\sin(x)) + 6(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 - (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\cos(x)^2)\log(a\sin(x) + b)\sin(x) - 6(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 - (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\cos(x)^2)\log(1/2\sin(x))\sin(x))/((a^2b^4\cos(x)^2 - a^2b^4)\sin(x))$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**5/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**5/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [A] time = 1.3122, size = 122, normalized size = 1.69

$$-\frac{(a^3 - 2ab^2)\log(|\sin(x)|)}{b^4} + \frac{(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\log(|a\sin(x) + b|)}{ab^4} + \frac{3ab^2\sin(x) - 2b^3 - 6(a^2b - 2b^3)\sin(x)^2}{6b^4\sin(x)^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^5/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $-(a^3 - 2a^2b^2)\log(\sin(x))/b^4 + (a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4)\log(a\sin(x) + b)/(a^2b^4) + 1/6(3a^2b^2\sin(x) - 2b^3 - 6(a^2b - 2b^3)\sin(x)^2)/(b^4\sin(x)^3)$

3.18 $\int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=122

$$-\frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^3(x)}{3b^3} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^2(x)}{2b^4} - \frac{(-3a^2b^2 + a^4 + 3b^4) \csc(x)}{b^5} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^3 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{ab^6} + \frac{a \csc^4(x)}{4b^2} - \frac{\log(a + b \csc(x))}{b^3}$$

[Out] $-((a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4)*\text{Csc}[x])/b^5 + (a*(a^2 - 3b^2)*\text{Csc}[x]^2)/(2*b^4) - ((a^2 - 3b^2)*\text{Csc}[x]^3)/(3*b^3) + (a*\text{Csc}[x]^4)/(4*b^2) - \text{Csc}[x]^5/(5*b) + ((a^2 - b^2)^3 \log[a + b*\text{Csc}[x]])/(a*b^6) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rubi [A] time = 0.123151, antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.154, Rules used = {3885, 894}

$$-\frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^3(x)}{3b^3} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^2(x)}{2b^4} - \frac{(-3a^2b^2 + a^4 + 3b^4) \csc(x)}{b^5} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^3 \log(a + b \csc(x))}{ab^6} + \frac{a \csc^4(x)}{4b^2} - \frac{\log(a + b \csc(x))}{b^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\cot[x]^7/(a + b*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-((a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4)*\text{Csc}[x])/b^5 + (a*(a^2 - 3b^2)*\text{Csc}[x]^2)/(2*b^4) - ((a^2 - 3b^2)*\text{Csc}[x]^3)/(3*b^3) + (a*\text{Csc}[x]^4)/(4*b^2) - \text{Csc}[x]^5/(5*b) + ((a^2 - b^2)^3 \log[a + b*\text{Csc}[x]])/(a*b^6) - \text{Log}[\text{Sin}[x]]/a$

Rule 3885

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> -Dist[(-1)^((m - 1)/2)/(d*b^(m - 1)), Subst[Int[((b^2 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(a + x)^n)/x, x], x, b*Csc[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 894

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*(f_.)^(n_)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && ((EqQ[p, 1] && IntegersQ[m, n]) || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\cot^7(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(b^2 - x^2)^3}{x(a+x)} dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{b^6} \\ &= \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(-a^4 \left(1 + \frac{3b^2(-a^2+b^2)}{a^4}\right) + \frac{b^6}{ax} + a(a^2 - 3b^2)x - (a^2 - 3b^2)x^2 + ax^3 - x^4 + \frac{(a^2-b^2)^3}{a(a+x)}\right) dx, x, b \csc(x)\right)}{b^6} \\ &= -\frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \csc(x)}{b^5} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^2(x)}{2b^4} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^3(x)}{3b^3} + \frac{a \csc^4(x)}{4b^2} - \frac{\csc^5(x)}{5b} + \left(\dots\right) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.272671, size = 132, normalized size = 1.08

$$\frac{-20b^3(a^2 - 3b^2)\csc^3(x) + 30ab^2(a^2 - 3b^2)\csc^2(x) - 60b(-3a^2b^2 + a^4 + 3b^4)\csc(x) - 60a(-3a^2b^2 + a^4 + 3b^4)\log(\sin(x))}{60b^6}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Cot[x]^7/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] $\frac{(-60*b*(a^4 - 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*Csc[x] + 30*a*b^2*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Csc[x]^2 - 20*b^3*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*Csc[x]^3 + 15*a*b^4*Csc[x]^4 - 12*b^5*Csc[x]^5 - 60*a*(a^4 - 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*Log[Sin[x]] + (60*(a^2 - b^2)^3*Log[b + a*Sin[x]])/a)/(60*b^6)}$

Maple [A] time = 0.053, size = 181, normalized size = 1.5

$$\frac{a^5 \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{b^6} - 3 \frac{a^3 \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{b^4} + 3 \frac{a \ln(b + a \sin(x))}{b^2} - \frac{\ln(b + a \sin(x))}{a} - \frac{1}{5 b (\sin(x))^5} - \frac{a^2}{3 b^3 (\sin(x))^3} +$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^7/(a+b*csc(x)), x)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{b^6}a^5 \ln(b + a \sin(x)) - \frac{3}{b^4}a^3 \ln(b + a \sin(x)) + \frac{3}{b^2}a \ln(b + a \sin(x)) - \frac{\ln(b + a \sin(x))}{a} - \frac{1}{5 b (\sin(x))^5} - \frac{a^2}{3 b^3 (\sin(x))^3} +$

$-3/2*a/b^2/\sin(x)^2 - 1/b^6*a^5*\ln(\sin(x)) + 3/b^4*a^3*\ln(\sin(x)) - 3*a/b^2*\ln(\sin(x))$

Maxima [A] time = 0.972714, size = 201, normalized size = 1.65

$$-\frac{(a^5 - 3a^3b^2 + 3ab^4)\log(\sin(x))}{b^6} + \frac{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\log(a\sin(x) + b)}{ab^6} + \frac{15ab^3\sin(x) - 60(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3ab^4)b^5}{b^{12}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-(a^5 - 3a^3b^2 + 3ab^4)\log(\sin(x))/b^6 + (a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\log(a\sin(x) + b)/(a*b^6) + 1/60*(15a*b^3*\sin(x) - 60*(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3ab^4)*\sin(x)^4 - 12*b^4 + 30*(a^3*b - 3*a*b^3)*\sin(x)^3 - 20*(a^2*b^2 - 3*b^4)*\sin(x)^2)/(b^5*\sin(x)^5)$

Fricas [B] time = 0.684086, size = 763, normalized size = 6.25

$$60a^5b - 160a^3b^3 + 132ab^5 + 60(a^5b - 3a^3b^3 + 3ab^5)\cos(x)^4 - 20(6a^5b - 17a^3b^3 + 15ab^5)\cos(x)^2 - 60(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\cos(x)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-1/60*(60*a^5*b - 160*a^3*b^3 + 132*a*b^5 + 60*(a^5*b - 3*a^3*b^3 + 3*a*b^5))*\cos(x)^4 - 20*(6*a^5*b - 17*a^3*b^3 + 15*a*b^5)*\cos(x)^2 - 60*(a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*\cos(x)^4 - 2*(a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*\cos(x)^2*\log(a\sin(x) + b)*\sin(x) + 60*(a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 + (a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4)*\cos(x)^2)*\log(-1/2*\sin(x))*\sin(x) - 15*(2*a^4*b^2 - 5*a^2*b^4 - 2*(a^4*b^2 - 3*a^2*b^4)*\cos(x)^2)*\sin(x)/((a*b^6*\cos(x)^4 - 2*a*b^6*\cos(x)^2 + a*b^6)*\sin(x))$

Sympy [F(-1)] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

Timed out

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**7/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] Timed out

Giac [A] time = 1.30405, size = 209, normalized size = 1.71

$$-\frac{(a^5 - 3a^3b^2 + 3ab^4)\log(|\sin(x)|)}{b^6} + \frac{(a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\log(|a\sin(x) + b|)}{ab^6} + \frac{15ab^4\sin(x) - 12b^5 - 60(a^4b^2 - 3a^2b^4 + b^6)}{b^6}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^7/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

$$\begin{aligned} \text{[Out]} \quad & -(a^5 - 3a^3b^2 + 3ab^4)\log(\text{abs}(\sin(x)))/b^6 + (a^6 - 3a^4b^2 + 3a^2b^4 - b^6)\log(\text{abs}(a\sin(x) + b))/(a*b^6) \\ & + 1/60*(15*a*b^4*\sin(x) - 12*b^5 - 60*(a^4*b^2 - 3*a^2*b^4 + b^6)*\sin(x)^4 + 30*(a^3*b^2 - 3*a*b^4)*\sin(x)^3 - 20*(a^2*b^3 - 3*b^5)*\sin(x)^2)/(b^6*\sin(x)^5) \end{aligned}$$

$$3.19 \quad \int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=159

$$\frac{a \tan^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{ab^2 \tan(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b^3 \sec(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2b^5 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2-b^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{x}{a}$$

[Out] $x/a + (2*b^5*\text{ArcTanh}[(a + b*\text{Tan}[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^{5/2}) - (b^3*\text{Sec}[x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2 + (b*\text{Sec}[x])/(a^2 - b^2) - (b*\text{Sec}[x]^3)/(3*(a^2 - b^2)) + (a*b^2*\text{Tan}[x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2 - (a*\text{Tan}[x])/(a^2 - b^2) + (a*\text{Tan}[x]^3)/(3*(a^2 - b^2))$

Rubi [A] time = 0.323515, antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 9, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.692, Rules used = {3898, 2902, 2606, 3473, 8, 2735, 2660, 618, 206}

$$\frac{b^4 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{ab^2 x}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \tan^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{ab^2 \tan(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b^3 \sec(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2b^5 t}{a^2 - b^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Tan}[x]^4/(a + b*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-((a*b^2*x)/(a^2 - b^2)^2) + (b^4*x)/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^2) + (a*x)/(a^2 - b^2) + (2*b^5*\text{ArcTanh}[(a + b*\text{Tan}[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^{5/2}) - (b^3*\text{Sec}[x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2 + (b*\text{Sec}[x])/(a^2 - b^2) - (b*\text{Sec}[x]^3)/(3*(a^2 - b^2)) + (a*b^2*\text{Tan}[x])/(a^2 - b^2)^2 - (a*\text{Tan}[x])/(a^2 - b^2) + (a*\text{Tan}[x]^3)/(3*(a^2 - b^2))$

Rule 3898

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])^n)/Sin[c + d*x]^(m + n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || LeQ[m, 1])
```

Rule 2902

```

Int[((cos[(e_.) + (f_ .)*(x_)]*(g_ .))^((p_)*(d_ .)*sin[(e_.) + (f_ .)*(x_)]))^(n_))/((a_) + (b_ .)*sin[(e_.) + (f_ .)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Dist[(a*d^2)/(a^2 - b^2), Int[(g*Cos[e + f*x])^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + (-Dist[(b*d)/(a^2 - b^2), Int[(g*Cos[e + f*x])^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] - Dist[(a^2*d^2)/(g^2*(a^2 - b^2)), Int[((g*Cos[e + f*x])^(p + 2)*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2))/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1]

```

Rule 2606

```

Int[((a_ .)*sec[(e_.) + (f_ .)*(x_)] )^(m_ .)*((b_ .)*tan[(e_.) + (f_ .)*(x_)] )^(n_ .), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a/f, Subst[Int[(a*x)^(m - 1)*(-1 + x^2)^( (n - 1)/2), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(n - 1)/2] && !(IntegerQ[m/2] && LtQ[0, m, n + 1])

```

Rule 3473

```

Int[((b_ .)*tan[(c_.) + (d_ .)*(x_)] )^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(b*(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1))/(d*(n - 1)), x] - Dist[b^2, Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]

```

Rule 8

```

Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]

```

Rule 2735

```

Int[((a_.) + (b_ .)*sin[(e_.) + (f_ .)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_ .)*sin[(e_.) + (f_ .)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(b*x)/d, x] - Dist[(b*c - a*d)/d, Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]

```

Rule 2660

```

Int[((a_) + (b_ .)*sin[(c_.) + (d_ .)*(x_)] )^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[(2*e)/d, Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

```

Rule 618

```

Int[((a_.) + (b_ .)*(x_ ) + (c_ .)*(x_ )^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]

```

Rule 206

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1*ArcTanh[(Rt[-b, 2]*x)/Rt[a, 2]])/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \int \frac{\sin(x) \tan^4(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx \\
&= \frac{a \int \tan^4(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \int \sec(x) \tan^3(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b^2 \int \frac{\sin(x) \tan^2(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} \\
&= \frac{a \tan^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{(ab^2) \int \tan^2(x) dx}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{b^3 \int \sec(x) \tan(x) dx}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b^4 \int \frac{\sin(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{a \int \tan^2(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \int \sec^2(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} \\
&= \frac{b^4 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{ab^2 \tan(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \tan^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{(ab^2) \int 1 dx}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{Sum}(1, x)}{a^2 - b^2} \\
&= -\frac{ab^2 x}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b^4 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b^3 \sec(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{ab^2 \tan(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} \\
&= -\frac{ab^2 x}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b^4 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b^3 \sec(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{ab^2 \tan(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} - \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} \\
&= -\frac{ab^2 x}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b^4 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2b^5 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2-b^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{b^3 \sec(x)}{(a^2 - b^2)^2} + \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec^3(x)}{3(a^2 - b^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 1.03132, size = 194, normalized size = 1.22

$$\frac{\csc(x)(a \sin(x) + b) \left(\frac{\sec^3(x) (3a^2 b^2 \sin(x) + 7a^2 b^2 \sin(3x) - 6a^2 b^2 x \cos(3x) + 6ab(a^2 - 2b^2) \cos(2x) + 9x(a^2 - b^2)^2 \cos(x) + 2a^3 b - 4a^4 \sin(3x) + 3a^4 x \cos(3x) - 8ab^3 \sin(3x))}{(a-b)^2 (a+b)^2} \right)}{12a(a + b \csc(x))}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Tan[x]^4/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]

[Out]
$$\frac{(\csc(x)*(b + a*\sin(x))*((-24*b^5*\text{ArcTan}[(a + b*\tan[x/2])/(\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2})]) / (-a^2 + b^2)^{(5/2}) + (\sec[x]^3*(2*a^3*b - 8*a*b^3 + 9*(a^2 - b^2)^2*x*\cos[x] + 6*a*b*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*\cos[2*x] + 3*a^4*x*\cos[3*x] - 6*a^2*b^2*x*\cos[3*x] + 3*b^4*x*\cos[3*x] + 3*a^2*b^2*\sin[x] - 4*a^4*\sin[3*x] + 7*a^2*b^2*\sin[3*x])))/((a - b)^2*(a + b)^2))}{(12*a*(a + b*\csc[x]))}$$

Maple [A] time = 0.077, size = 210, normalized size = 1.3

$$2 \frac{\arctan(\tan(x/2))}{a} - \frac{64}{192 a - 192 b} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^{-3} + 32 \frac{1}{(64 a - 64 b)(\tan(x/2) + 1)^2} + \frac{a}{(a - b)^2} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^{-1} - \dots$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\int \tan(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)), x$

[Out]
$$\frac{2/a*\arctan(\tan(1/2*x))-64/3/(\tan(1/2*x)+1)^3/(64*a-64*b)+32/(64*a-64*b)/(tan(1/2*x)+1)^2+1/(a-b)^2/(\tan(1/2*x)+1)*a-3/2/(a-b)^2/(\tan(1/2*x)+1)*b-64/3/(\tan(1/2*x)-1)^3/(64*a+64*b)-32/(64*a+64*b)/(tan(1/2*x)-1)^2+1/(a+b)^2/(\tan(1/2*x)-1)*a+3/2/(a+b)^2/(\tan(1/2*x)-1)*b-2/(a-b)^2/(a+b)^2*b^5/a/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2})*\arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2}))}{}$$

Maxima [F(-2)] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\text{integrate}(\tan(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)), x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"maxima"})$

[Out] Exception raised: ValueError

Fricas [A] time = 0.608527, size = 1081, normalized size = 6.8

$$\frac{3 \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} b^5 \cos(x)^3 \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 2 b^2) \cos(x)^2 + 2 a b \sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 + 2 (b \cos(x) \sin(x) + a \cos(x)) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a^2 \cos(x)^2 - 2 a b \sin(x) - a^2 - b^2}\right) - 2 a^5 b + 4 a^3 b^3 - 2 a b^5 + 6 (a^6 - 3 a^4 b^2 + 3 a^2 b^4 - b^6)}{6 (a^7 - 3 a^5 b^2 + 3 a^3 b^4 - b^6)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{(3\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) \cdot b^5 \cdot \cos(x)^3 \cdot \log((a^2 - 2b^2) \cdot \cos(x)^2 + 2ab \cdot \sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 + 2(b \cdot \cos(x) \cdot \sin(x) + a \cdot \cos(x)) \cdot \sqrt{a^2 - b^2})}{(a^2 \cdot \cos(x)^2 - 2ab \cdot \sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{2a^5 \cdot b + 4a^3 \cdot b^3 - 2a^5 \cdot b^5 + 6a^6 - 3a^4 \cdot b^2 + 3a^2 \cdot b^4 - b^6}{(a^7 - 3a^5 \cdot b^2 + 3a^3 \cdot b^4 - ab^6) \cdot \cos(x)^3} + \frac{6(a^5 \cdot b - 3a^3 \cdot b^3 + 2ab^5) \cdot \cos(x)^2 + 2(a^6 - 2a^4 \cdot b^2 + a^2 \cdot b^4 - (4a^6 - 11a^4 \cdot b^2 + 7a^2 \cdot b^4) \cdot \cos(x)^2 \cdot \sin(x))}{(a^7 - 3a^5 \cdot b^2 + 3a^3 \cdot b^4 - ab^6) \cdot \cos(x)^3}, \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \cdot b^5 \cdot \arctan(-\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}) \cdot (b \cdot \sin(x) + a)}{(a^2 - b^2) \cdot \cos(x))} \cdot \cos(x)^3 - a^5 \cdot b + 2a^3 \cdot b^3 - ab^5 + 3(a^6 - 3a^4 \cdot b^2 + 3a^2 \cdot b^4 - b^6) \cdot x \cdot \cos(x)^3 + 3(a^5 \cdot b - 3a^3 \cdot b^3 + 2ab^5) \cdot \cos(x)^2 + (a^6 - 2a^4 \cdot b^2 + a^2 \cdot b^4 - (4a^6 - 11a^4 \cdot b^2 + 7a^2 \cdot b^4) \cdot \cos(x)^2) \cdot \sin(x)) / ((a^7 - 3a^5 \cdot b^2 + 3a^3 \cdot b^4 - ab^6) \cdot \cos(x)^3)]$$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\int \frac{\tan^4(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)**4/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(tan(x)**4/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [A] time = 1.37961, size = 292, normalized size = 1.84

$$-\frac{2 \left(\pi \left[\frac{x}{2 \pi }+\frac{1}{2}\right] \operatorname{sgn}(b)+\arctan \left(\frac{b \tan \left(\frac{1}{2} x\right)+a}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)\right) b^5}{\left(a^5-2 a^3 b^2+a b^4\right) \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}+\frac{x}{a}+\frac{2 \left(3 a^3 \tan \left(\frac{1}{2} x\right)^5-6 a b^2 \tan \left(\frac{1}{2} x\right)^5+3 b^3 \tan \left(\frac{1}{2} x\right)^4-10 a^3 \tan \left(\frac{1}{2} x\right)^3+15 a^2 b \tan \left(\frac{1}{2} x\right)^2-15 a b^3 \tan \left(\frac{1}{2} x\right)+3 b^5\right)}{a^6}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
[Out] -2*(pi*floor(1/2*x/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan((b*tan(1/2*x) + a)/sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)))*b^5/((a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)) + x/a + 2/3*(3*a^3*tan(1/2*x)^5 - 6*a*b^2*tan(1/2*x)^5 + 3*b^3*tan(1/2*x)^4 - 10*a^3*tan(1/2*x)^3 + 16*a*b^2*tan(1/2*x)^3 + 6*a^2*b*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 12*b^3*tan(1/2*x)^2 + 3*a^3*tan(1/2*x) - 6*a*b^2*tan(1/2*x) - 2*a^2*b + 5*b^3)/((a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*(tan(1/2*x)^2 - 1)^3)
```

3.20 $\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=84

$$\frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2b^3 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{x}{a}$$

[Out] $-(x/a) + (2*b^3*\text{ArcTanh}[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^{(3/2)}) - (b*Sec[x])/(a^2 - b^2) + (a*Tan[x])/(a^2 - b^2)$

Rubi [A] time = 0.187451, antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.692, Rules used = {3898, 2902, 2606, 8, 3473, 2735, 2660, 618, 206}

$$\frac{b^2 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{2b^3 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2-b^2)^{3/2}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\Tan[x]^2/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]$

[Out] $-((a*x)/(a^2 - b^2)) + (b^2*x)/(a*(a^2 - b^2)) + (2*b^3*\text{ArcTanh}[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(a*(a^2 - b^2)^{(3/2)}) - (b*Sec[x])/(a^2 - b^2) + (a*Tan[x])/(a^2 - b^2)$

Rule 3898

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])^n)/Sin[c + d*x]^(m + n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || LeQ[m, 1])
```

Rule 2902

```
Int[((cos[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(g_.))^p)*(d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Dist[(a*d^2)/(a^2 - b^2), Int[(g*Cos[e + f*x])^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] + (-Dist[(b*d)/(a^2 - b^2), Int[(g*Cos[e + f*x])^p*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 1), x], x] -
```

```
Dist[(a^2*d^2)/(g^2*(a^2 - b^2)), Int[((g*Cos[e + f*x])^(p + 2)*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n - 2))/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, g}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1]
```

Rule 2606

```
Int[((a_)*sec[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*(b_.*tan[(e_.) + (f_.*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a/f, Subst[Int[(a*x)^(m - 1)*(-1 + x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x, Sec[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(n - 1)/2] && !(IntegerQ[m/2] && LtQ[0, m, n + 1])
```

Rule 8

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

Rule 3473

```
Int[((b_.*tan[(c_.) + (d_.*(x_.))]^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(b*(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 1))/(d*(n - 1)), x] - Dist[b^2, Int[(b*Tan[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
```

Rule 2735

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.*sin[(e_.) + (f_.*(x_.))]/((c_.) + (d_.*sin[(e_.) + (f_.*(x_.))], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(b*x)/d, x] - Dist[(b*c - a*d)/d, Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

Rule 2660

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.*sin[(c_.) + (d_.*(x_.))]^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[(2*e)/d, Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 618

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.*(x_.) + (c_.*(x_.)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 206

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.*(x_.)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1*ArcTanh[(Rt[-b, 2]*x)/Rt[a, 2]])/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
```

$\text{Q}[a, 0] \text{ || } \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \int \frac{\sin(x) \tan^2(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx \\
&= \frac{a \int \tan^2(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \int \sec(x) \tan(x) dx}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b^2 \int \frac{\sin(x)}{b+a \sin(x)} dx}{a^2 - b^2} \\
&= \frac{b^2 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{a \int 1 dx}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b \text{Subst}(\int 1 dx, x, \sec(x))}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{b^3 \int \frac{1}{b+a \sin(x)} dx}{a(a^2 - b^2)} \\
&= -\frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b^2 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} - \frac{(2b^3) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{b+2ax+bx^2} dx, x, \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a(a^2 - b^2)} \\
&= -\frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b^2 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{(4b^3) \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{4(a^2-b^2)-x^2} dx, x, 2a + 2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a(a^2 - b^2)} \\
&= -\frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{b^2 x}{a(a^2 - b^2)} + \frac{2b^3 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b \sec(x)}{a^2 - b^2} + \frac{a \tan(x)}{a^2 - b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.247568, size = 87, normalized size = 1.04

$$-\frac{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2} \left(a^2(-x) + a^2 \tan(x) - ab \sec(x) + b^2 x\right) - 2b^3 \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-a^2}}\right)}{a(b^2 - a^2)^{3/2}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Tan[x]^2/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out] $-\left((-2*b^3*\text{ArcTan}\left[\left(a + b*\text{Tan}\left[x/2\right]\right)/\text{Sqrt}\left[-a^2 + b^2\right]\right] + \text{Sqrt}\left[-a^2 + b^2\right]*(-a^{2*x} + b^{2*x} - a*b*\text{Sec}\left[x\right] + a^{2*Tan\left[x\right]})\right)/(a*(-a^2 + b^2)^{(3/2)})\right)$

Maple [A] time = 0.06, size = 106, normalized size = 1.3

$$-2 \frac{\arctan(\tan(x/2))}{a} - 16 \frac{1}{(16 a + 16 b)(\tan(x/2) - 1)} - 16 \frac{1}{(16 a - 16 b)(\tan(x/2) + 1)} - 2 \frac{b^3}{(a - b)(a + b)a\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} a$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(tan(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out]
$$\frac{-2/a*\arctan(\tan(1/2*x))-16/(16*a+16*b)/(\tan(1/2*x)-1)-16/(16*a-16*b)/(\tan(1/2*x)+1)-2/(a-b)/(a+b)*b^3/a/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*\arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))}{}$$

Maxima [F(-2)] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] Exception raised: ValueError

Fricas [A] time = 0.544479, size = 690, normalized size = 8.21

$$\left[\frac{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} b^3 \cos(x) \log \left(-\frac{(a^2 - 2 b^2) \cos(x)^2 + 2 a b \sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 - 2 (b \cos(x) \sin(x) + a \cos(x)) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a^2 \cos(x)^2 - 2 a b \sin(x) - a^2 - b^2} \right) + 2 a^3 b - 2 a b^3 + 2 (a^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 + b^4) \cos(x)}{2 (a^5 - 2 a^3 b^2 + a b^4) \cos(x)} \right]$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & [-1/2*(\sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*b^3*cos(x)*log(-((a^2 - 2*b^2)*cos(x)^2 + 2*a*b*sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 - 2*(b*cos(x)*sin(x) + a*cos(x))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)))/(a^2*cos(x)^2 - 2*a*b*sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)) + 2*a^3*b - 2*a*b^3 + 2*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*x*cos(x) - 2*(a^4 - a^2*b^2)*sin(x))/((a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4)*cos(x)), (\sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*b^3*arctan(-sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(b*sin(x) + a))/(a^2 - b^2)*cos(x))*cos(x) - a^3*b + a*b^3 - (a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*x*cos(x) + (a^4 - a^2*b^2)*sin(x))/((a^5 - 2*a^3*b^2 + a*b^4)*cos(x))] \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\int \frac{\tan^2(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)**2/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(tan(x)**2/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [A] time = 1.33368, size = 139, normalized size = 1.65

$$-\frac{2 \left(\pi \left\lfloor \frac{x}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + a}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) \right) b^3}{(a^3 - ab^2)\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{x}{a} - \frac{2 \left(a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - b \right)}{(a^2 - b^2)\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 1\right)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(tan(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `-2*(pi*floor(1/2*x/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan((b*tan(1/2*x) + a)/sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)))*b^3/((a^3 - a*b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)) - x/a - 2*(a*tan(1/2*x) - b)/(a^2 - b^2)*(tan(1/2*x)^2 - 1)`

3.21 $\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=61

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{ab} - \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b}$$

[Out] $-(x/a) - \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]]/b + (2*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2]*\text{ArcTanh}[(a + b*\text{Tan}[x/2])/(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2])]/(a*b)$

Rubi [A] time = 0.176036, antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.615, Rules used = {3894, 4051, 3770, 3919, 3831, 2660, 618, 206}

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{ab} - \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^2/(a + b*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-(x/a) - \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]]/b + (2*\text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2]*\text{ArcTanh}[(a + b*\text{Tan}[x/2])/(\text{Sqrt}[a^2 - b^2])]/(a*b)$

Rule 3894

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^2*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), 
x_Symbol] :> Int[(-1 + Csc[c + d*x]^2)*(a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 4051

```
Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*(C_.))/(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol] :> Dist[C/b, Int[Csc[e + f*x], x], x] + Dist[1/b, Int[(A*b - a*C*csc[e + f*x])/((a + b*C*csc[e + f*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, C}, x]
```

Rule 3770

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> -Simp[ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3919

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.) + (c_))/((csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) +
(a_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)/a, x] - Dist[(b*c - a*d)/a, Int[Csc[e + f*x]
]/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0]
```

Rule 3831

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.)), x_Symbol]
: > Dist[1/b, Int[1/(1 + (a*Sin[e + f*x])/b), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 2660

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[(2*e)/d, Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*
e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 618

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.*(x_) + (c_.*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 206

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1*ArcTanh[(Rt[-b, 2]*x)/
Rt[a, 2]])/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \int \frac{-1 + \csc^2(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx \\
&= \frac{\int \csc(x) dx}{b} + \frac{\int \frac{-b-a \csc(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx}{b} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} - \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a} \right) \int \frac{\csc(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} - \frac{\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a} \right) \int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{a \sin(x)}{b}} dx}{b} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} - \frac{\left(2 \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a} \right) \right) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2ax}{b} + x^2} dx, x, \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right)}{b} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} + \frac{\left(4 \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a} \right) \right) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{-4 \left(1 - \frac{a^2}{b^2} \right) - x^2} dx, x, \frac{2a}{b} + 2 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right)}{b} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b} + \frac{2 \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{a}{b} + \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right)}{ab}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.0676879, size = 71, normalized size = 1.16

$$\frac{2 \sqrt{b^2 - a^2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a + b \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2}} \right) + a \log \left(\sin \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - a \log \left(\cos \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - bx}{ab}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Cot[x]^2/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out]
$$\frac{(-b x + 2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}[(a + b \operatorname{Tan}[x/2])/\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}] - a \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Cos}[x/2]] + a \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sin}[x/2]])}{a b}$$

Maple [A] time = 0.064, size = 105, normalized size = 1.7

$$-2 \frac{\arctan(\tan(x/2))}{a} + \frac{1}{b} \ln \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - 2 \frac{a}{b \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \arctan \left(1/2 \frac{2 b \tan(x/2) + 2 a}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \right) + 2 \frac{b}{a \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \arctan \left(1/2 \frac{2 b \tan(x/2) + 2 a}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \right)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out]
$$\frac{-2/a*\arctan(\tan(1/2*x))+1/b*\ln(\tan(1/2*x))-2*a/b/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*\arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))+2*b/a/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2)*\arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^(1/2))}{}$$

Maxima [F(-2)] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] Exception raised: ValueError

Fricas [A] time = 0.590871, size = 539, normalized size = 8.84

$$\left[\frac{2 b x + a \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - a \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 2 b^2) \cos(x)^2 + 2 a b \sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 + 2 (b \cos(x) \sin(x) + a \cos(x)^2 - 2 a b \sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)}{a^2 \cos(x)^2 - 2 a b \sin(x) - a^2 - b^2}\right)}{2 a b} \right]$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(2 b x + a \log\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - a \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{1}{2}\right) - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 2 b^2) \cos(x)^2 + 2 a b \sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 + 2 (b \cos(x) \sin(x) + a \cos(x)^2 - 2 a b \sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)}{a^2 \cos(x)^2 - 2 a b \sin(x) - a^2 - b^2}\right) \right) \right] / (a * b)$$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\int \frac{\cot^2(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**2/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**2/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [A] time = 1.30169, size = 108, normalized size = 1.77

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right|\right)}{b} - \frac{2\left(\pi\left\lfloor\frac{x}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2}\right\rfloor \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{b\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)+a}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)\right)(a^2-b^2)}{\sqrt{-a^2+b^2}ab}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^2/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `-x/a + log(abs(tan(1/2*x)))/b - 2*(pi*floor(1/2*x/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan((b*tan(1/2*x) + a)/sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)))*(a^2 - b^2)/(sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*a*b)`

3.22 $\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=91

$$-\frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{ab^3} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} + \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b}$$

[Out] $x/a - ((2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/(2*b^3) + (2*(a^2 - b^2)^{(3/2)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(a + b*\text{Tan}[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(a*b^3) + (a*\text{Cot}[x])/b^2 - (\text{Cot}[x]*\text{Csc}[x])/(2*b)$

Rubi [A] time = 0.288846, antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.538, Rules used = {3898, 2893, 3057, 2660, 618, 206, 3770}

$$-\frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{ab^3} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} + \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^4/(a + b*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $x/a - ((2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/(2*b^3) + (2*(a^2 - b^2)^{(3/2)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(a + b*\text{Tan}[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(a*b^3) + (a*\text{Cot}[x])/b^2 - (\text{Cot}[x]*\text{Csc}[x])/(2*b)$

Rule 3898

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])^n)/Sin[c + d*x]^(m + n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || LeQ[m, 1])
```

Rule 2893

```
Int[cos[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^4*((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(n_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Cos[e + f*x]*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(d*Sin[e + f*x])^(n + 1))/(a*d*f*(n + 1)), x] + (-Dist[1/(a^2*d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)), Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(d*Sin[e + f*x])]
```

```


$$\begin{aligned} & \sim (n + 2) * \text{Simp}[a^2 * n * (n + 2) - b^2 * (m + n + 2) * (m + n + 3) + a * b * m * \text{Sin}[e + f * x] - (a^2 * (n + 1) * (n + 2) - b^2 * (m + n + 2) * (m + n + 4)) * \text{Sin}[e + f * x]^2, x], x] - \text{Simp}[(b * (m + n + 2) * \text{Cos}[e + f * x] * (a + b * \text{Sin}[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)} * (d * \text{Sin}[e + f * x])^{(n + 2)}) / (a^2 * d^2 * f * (n + 1) * (n + 2)), x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, m\}, x] \&& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&& (\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \text{ || } \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n]) \&& !m < -1 \&& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&& (\text{LtQ}[n, -2] \text{ || } \text{EqQ}[m + n + 4, 0]) \end{aligned}$$


```

Rule 3057

```


$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((A_.) + (B_.) * \text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)] + (C_.) * \text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)]^2) / (((a_.) + (b_.) * \text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)]) * ((c_.) + (d_.) * \text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)])), x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \text{Simp}[(C*x) / (b*d), x] + (\text{Dist}[(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) / (b*(b*c - a*d)), \text{Int}[1 / (a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]), x], x] - \text{Dist}[(c^2*C - B*c*d + A*d^2) / (d*(b*c - a*d)), \text{Int}[1 / (c + d*\text{Sin}[e + f*x]), x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \&& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \&& \text{NeQ}[c^2 - d^2, 0] \end{aligned}$$


```

Rule 2660

```


$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.) * \text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)])^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \text{With}[\{e = \text{FreeFactors}[\text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2], x]\}, \text{Dist}[(2*e)/d, \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (a + 2*b*e*x + a*e^2*x^2), x], x, \text{Tan}[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0] \end{aligned}$$


```

Rule 618

```


$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.) + (c_.) * (x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \text{Dist}[-2, \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / \text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \end{aligned}$$


```

Rule 206

```


$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \text{Simp}[(1 * \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*x) / \text{Rt}[a, 2]]) / (\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \text{ || } \text{LtQ}[b, 0]) \end{aligned}$$


```

Rule 3770

```


$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[\csc[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)], x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> -\text{Simp}[\text{ArcTanh}[\cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \end{aligned}$$


```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \int \frac{\cos(x) \cot^3(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx \\
&= \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b} - \frac{\int \frac{\csc(x)(-2a^2 + 3b^2 - ab \sin(x) - 2b^2 \sin^2(x))}{b + a \sin(x)} dx}{2b^2} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{b + a \sin(x)} dx}{ab^3} - \frac{(-2a^2 + 3b^2) \int \csc(x) dx}{2b^3} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b} - \frac{(2(a^2 - b^2)^2) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{b + 2ax + bx^2} dx, x, \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \right)}{ab^3} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b} + \frac{(4(a^2 - b^2)^2) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{4(a^2 - b^2) - x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \right)}{ab^3} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} - \frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{a+b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right)}{ab^3} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.410146, size = 158, normalized size = 1.74

$$\frac{-16(b^2 - a^2)^{3/2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a+b \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{\sqrt{b^2 - a^2}} \right) - 4a^2 b \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 4a^2 b \cot \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 8a^3 \log \left(\sin \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - 8a^3 \log \left(\cos \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - ab^2 \csc^2 \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 8ab^3}{8ab^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[Cot[x]^4/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]

[Out] $(8*b^3*x - 16*(-a^2 + b^2)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]] + 4*a^2*b*Cot[x/2] - a*b^2*Csc[x/2]^2 - 8*a^3*Log[Cos[x/2]] + 12*a*b^2*Log[Cos[x/2]] + 8*a^3*Log[Sin[x/2]] - 12*a*b^2*Log[Sin[x/2]] + a*b^2*Sec[x/2]^2 - 4*a^2*b*Tan[x/2])/(8*a*b^3)$

Maple [B] time = 0.067, size = 206, normalized size = 2.3

$$\frac{1}{8b} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right)^2 - \frac{a}{2b^2} \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \frac{\arctan(\tan(x/2))}{a} - \frac{1}{8b} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right)^{-2} + \frac{a^2}{b^3} \ln \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{3}{2b} \ln \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) + \frac{a}{2b^2} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right)^3$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{8} b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} x\right)^2 - \frac{1}{2} b^2 a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} x\right) + 2 a \arctan(\tan(1/2*x)) - \frac{1}{8} b \tan(1/2*x)^2 + \frac{1}{2} b^3 \ln(\tan(1/2*x)) a^2 - \frac{3}{2} b^2 \ln(\tan(1/2*x)) + \frac{1}{2} a/b^2 \tan(1/2*x) - 2 a^3/b^3 / (-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)} \arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)}) + 4*a/b / (-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)} \arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)}) - 2*b/a / (-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)} \arctan(1/2*(2*b*tan(1/2*x)+2*a)/(-a^2+b^2)^{(1/2)})$

Maxima [F-2] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] Exception raised: ValueError

Fricas [B] time = 0.934268, size = 1096, normalized size = 12.04

$$\left[\frac{4 b^3 x \cos(x)^2 - 4 a^2 b \cos(x) \sin(x) - 4 b^3 x + 2 a b^2 \cos(x) - 2 ((a^2 - b^2) \cos(x)^2 - a^2 + b^2) \sqrt{a^2 - b^2} \log\left(-\frac{(a^2 - 2 b^2) \cos(x)^2}{a^2 - b^2}\right) + (a^2 - b^2) \cos(x)^2 \log\left(\frac{(a^2 - 2 b^2) \cos(x)^2}{a^2 - b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}} \right]$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\begin{aligned} & [1/4*(4*b^3*x*cos(x)^2 - 4*a^2*b*cos(x)*sin(x) - 4*b^3*x + 2*a*b^2*cos(x) - \\ & 2*((a^2 - b^2)*cos(x)^2 - a^2 + b^2)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*log(-((a^2 - 2*b^2)*cos(x)^2 + 2*a*b*sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 - 2*(b*cos(x)*sin(x) + a*cos(x))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2))/(a^2*cos(x)^2 - 2*a*b*sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)) + (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 - (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*cos(x)^2)*log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 - (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*cos(x)^2)*log(-1/2*cos(x) + 1/2))/((a*b^3*cos(x)^2 - a*b^3), 1/4*(4*b^3*x*cos(x)^2 - 4*a^2*b*cos(x)*sin(x) - 4*b^3*x + 2*a*b^2*cos(x) + 4*((a^2 - b^2)*cos(x)^2 - a^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*arctan(-sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(b*sin(x) + a)/((a^2 - b^2)*cos(x))) + (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 - (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*cos(x)^2)*log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 - (2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*cos(x)^2)*log(-1/2*cos(x) + 1/2))] \end{aligned}$

$\text{os}(x)^2 * \log(-1/2 * \cos(x) + 1/2)) / (a * b^3 * \cos(x)^2 - a * b^3)$

Sympy [F] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

$$\int \frac{\cot^4(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**4/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(cot(x)**4/(a + b*csc(x)), x)`

Giac [B] time = 1.40509, size = 220, normalized size = 2.42

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{b \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 4a \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)}{8b^2} + \frac{(2a^2 - 3b^2) \log\left(\left|\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)\right|\right)}{2b^3} - \frac{2(a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4) \left(\pi \left[\frac{x}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{2}\right] \operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}ab^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^4/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $x/a + 1/8*(b*\tan(1/2*x)^2 - 4*a*\tan(1/2*x))/b^2 + 1/2*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*\log(a \operatorname{bs}(\tan(1/2*x))/b^3 - 2*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*(pi*\operatorname{floor}(1/2*x/pi + 1/2)*\operatorname{sgn}(b) + \arctan((b*\tan(1/2*x) + a)/\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2})) / (\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}*a*b^3) - 1/8*(12*a^2*\tan(1/2*x)^2 - 18*b^2*\tan(1/2*x)^2 - 4*a*b*\tan(1/2*x) + b^2)/(b^3*\tan(1/2*x)^2)$

$$3.23 \quad \int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a+b \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=186

$$\frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2)\cot(x)}{b^4} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2)\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} - \frac{(-3a^2b^2 + a^4 + 3b^4)\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b^5} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{5/2}\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b\tan(x)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{ab^5}$$

[Out] $-(x/a) - (3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/(8*b) - ((a^2 - 3*b^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/(2*b^3)$
 $- ((a^4 - 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/b^5 + (2*(a^2 - b^2)^{(5/2)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(a + b*\text{Tan}[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(a*b^5) + (a*\text{Cot}[x])/b^2 + (a*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*\text{Cot}[x])/b^4 + (a*\text{Cot}[x]^3)/(3*b^2) - (3*\text{Cot}[x]*\text{Csc}[x])/(8*b) - ((a^2 - 3*b^2)*\text{Cot}[x]*\text{Csc}[x])/(2*b^3) - (\text{Cot}[x]*\text{Csc}[x]^3)/(4*b)$

Rubi [A] time = 0.277752, antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1., number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 9, integrand size = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.692, Rules used = {3898, 2897, 3770, 3767, 8, 3768, 2660, 618, 206}

$$\frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2)\cot(x)}{b^4} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2)\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} - \frac{(-3a^2b^2 + a^4 + 3b^4)\tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b^5} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{5/2}\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b\tan(x)}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{ab^5}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[\text{Cot}[x]^6/(a + b*\text{Csc}[x]), x]$

[Out] $-(x/a) - (3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/(8*b) - ((a^2 - 3*b^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/(2*b^3)$
 $- ((a^4 - 3*a^2*b^2 + 3*b^4)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[x]])/b^5 + (2*(a^2 - b^2)^{(5/2)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(a + b*\text{Tan}[x/2])/Sqrt[a^2 - b^2]])/(a*b^5) + (a*\text{Cot}[x])/b^2 + (a*(a^2 - 3*b^2)*\text{Cot}[x])/b^4 + (a*\text{Cot}[x]^3)/(3*b^2) - (3*\text{Cot}[x]*\text{Csc}[x])/(8*b) - ((a^2 - 3*b^2)*\text{Cot}[x]*\text{Csc}[x])/(2*b^3) - (\text{Cot}[x]*\text{Csc}[x]^3)/(4*b)$

Rule 3898

```
Int[cot[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b + a*Sin[c + d*x])^n)/Sin[c + d*x]^(m + n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[m/2] || LeQ[m, 1])
```

Rule 2897

```
Int[cos[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(p_)*((d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_)*((a_)
+ (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandTrig[(d*sin[
e + f*x])^n*(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*(1 - sin[e + f*x]^2)^(p/2), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IntegersQ[m, 2*n, p/2] &&
LtQ[m, -1] || (EqQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, 0]))
```

Rule 3770

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> -Simp[ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 3767

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^n, x_Symbol] :> -Dist[d^(-1), Subst[Int[Expa
ndIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

Rule 8

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

Rule 3768

```
Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.)]^n, x_Symbol] :> -Simp[(b*Cos[c + d*x]
)*(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1))/(d*(n - 1)), x] + Dist[(b^2*(n - 2))/(n - 1),
Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] &&
IntegerQ[2*n]
```

Rule 2660

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{e = Fre
eFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[(2*e)/d, Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*
e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[
a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 618

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[I
nt[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},
x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Rule 206

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1*ArcTanh[(Rt[-b, 2]*x)/
Rt[a, 2]])/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
```

$\text{Q}[a, 0] \text{ || } \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\cot^6(x)}{a + b \csc(x)} dx &= \int \frac{\cos(x) \cot^5(x)}{b + a \sin(x)} dx \\
&= \int \left(-\frac{1}{a} + \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \csc(x)}{b^5} + \frac{(-a^3 + 3ab^2) \csc^2(x)}{b^4} + \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^3(x)}{b^3} - \frac{a \csc^4(x)}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 \csc^5(x)}{b} \right) dx \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{a \int \csc^4(x) dx}{b^2} + \frac{\int \csc^5(x) dx}{b} - \frac{(a(a^2 - 3b^2)) \int \csc^2(x) dx}{b^4} + \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \csc^3(x) dx}{b^3} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \int \csc^5(x) dx}{b^5} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b^5} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b^3} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc^3(x)}{4b} + \frac{a \text{Subst}((\dots))}{b^4} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b^5} + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^5(x)}{b^4} \\
&= -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{8b} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \tanh^{-1}(\cos(x))}{b^5} + \frac{2(a^2 - 3b^2) \csc^5(x)}{b^4}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] time = 0.880693, size = 312, normalized size = 1.68

$$384(b^2 - a^2)^{5/2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{a+b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2-a^2}}\right) + 224a^2b^3 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 32a^2b(3a^2 - 7b^2) \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 24a^3b^2 \csc^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 24a^3b^2 \sec^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) -$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[Cot[x]^6/(a + b*Csc[x]), x]`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned}
& (-192*b^5*x + 384*(-a^2 + b^2)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(a + b*Tan[x/2])/Sqrt[-a^2 + b^2]] + 32*a^2*b*(3*a^2 - 7*b^2)*Cot[x/2] - 24*a^3*b^2*Csc[x/2]^2 + 54*a*b^4*Csc[x/2]^2 - 3*a*b^4*Csc[x/2]^4 - 192*a^5*Log[Cos[x/2]] + 480*a^3*b^2*Log[Cos[x/2]] - 360*a*b^4*Log[Cos[x/2]] + 192*a^5*Log[Sin[x/2]] - 480*a^3*b^2*Log[Sin[x/2]] + 360*a*b^4*Log[Sin[x/2]] + 24*a^3*b^2*Sec[x/2]^2 - 54*a*b^4*Sec[x/2]^2 + 3*a*b^4*Sec[x/2]^4 - 64*a^2*b^3*Csc[x]^3*Sin[x/2]^4 + 4*a^2*b^3*Csc[x/2]^4*Sin[x] - 96*a^4*b*Tan[x/2] + 224*a^2*b^3*Tan[x/2])/(192*a*b^5)
\end{aligned}$$

Maple [B] time = 0.075, size = 363, normalized size = 2.

$$\frac{1}{64 b} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^4 - \frac{a}{24 b^2} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^3 + \frac{a^2}{8 b^3} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^2 - \frac{1}{4 b} \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right)^2 - \frac{a^3}{2 b^4} \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{9 a}{8 b^2} \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \frac{\arctan(\tan(\frac{x}{2}))}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(cot(x)^6/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{64} b \tan(1/2*x)^4 - \frac{1}{24} b^2 \tan(1/2*x)^3 + \frac{1}{8} b^3 \tan(1/2*x)^2 - \frac{1}{4} b \tan(1/2*x)^2 - \frac{a^3}{2 b^4} \tan(1/2*x) + \frac{9 a}{8 b^2} \tan(1/2*x) - 2 \frac{\arctan(\tan(1/2*x))}{a} \\ & - \frac{1}{64} b \tan(1/2*x)^4 - \frac{1}{2} b^4 a^3 \tan(1/2*x) + \frac{9}{8} b^2 a \tan(1/2*x) - 2 a \arctan(\tan(1/2*x)) - \frac{1}{64} b \tan(1/2*x)^4 - \frac{1}{8} b^3 \tan(1/2*x)^2 a^2 + \frac{1}{4} b \tan(1/2*x)^2 a^2 + \frac{1}{b^5} \\ & \ln(\tan(1/2*x)) a^4 - \frac{5}{2} b^3 \ln(\tan(1/2*x)) a^2 + \frac{15}{8} b^2 \ln(\tan(1/2*x)) + \frac{1}{24} a^4 b^2 / \tan(1/2*x)^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^3 b^4 / \tan(1/2*x) - 9/8 a/b^2 / \tan(1/2*x) - 2 a^5 b^5 / (-a^2 + b^2)^{(1/2)} * \arctan(1/2 * (2 * b * \tan(1/2 * x) + 2 * a) / (-a^2 + b^2)^{(1/2)}) + 6 a^3 b^3 / (-a^2 + b^2)^{(1/2)} * \arctan(1/2 * (2 * b * \tan(1/2 * x) + 2 * a) / (-a^2 + b^2)^{(1/2)}) - 6 a/b / (-a^2 + b^2)^{(1/2)} * \arctan(1/2 * (2 * b * \tan(1/2 * x) + 2 * a) / (-a^2 + b^2)^{(1/2)}) + 2 b/a / (-a^2 + b^2)^{(1/2)} * \arctan(1/2 * (2 * b * \tan(1/2 * x) + 2 * a) / (-a^2 + b^2)^{(1/2)}) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [F(-2)] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] Exception raised: ValueError

Fricas [B] time = 1.70655, size = 2061, normalized size = 11.08

result too large to display

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & [-1/48*(48*b^5*x*cos(x)^4 - 96*b^5*x*cos(x)^2 + 48*b^5*x - 6*(4*a^3*b^2 - 9*a*b^4)*cos(x)^3 - 24*((a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(x)^4 + a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^4 - 2*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(x)^2)*sqrt(a^2 - b^2)*log(((a^2 - 2*b^2)*cos(x)^2 + 2*a*b*sin(x) + a^2 + b^2 + 2*(b*cos(x)*sin(x) + a*cos(x)))*sqrt(a^2 - b^2))/(a^2*cos(x)^2 - 2*a*b*sin(x) - a^2 - b^2)) + 6*(4*a^3*b^2 - 7*a*b^4)*cos(x) + 3*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4 + (8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^4 - 2*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^2)*log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - 3*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4 + (8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^4 - 2*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^2)*log(-1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) + 16*((3*a^4*b - 7*a^2*b^3)*cos(x)^3 - 3*(a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3)*cos(x))*sin(x)/(a*b^5*cos(x)^4 - 2*a*b^5*cos(x)^2 + a*b^5), -1/48*(48*b^5*x*cos(x)^4 - 96*b^5*x*cos(x)^2 + 48*b^5*x - 6*(4*a^3*b^2 - 9*a*b^4)*cos(x)^3 - 48*((a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(x)^4 + a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4 - 2*(a^4 - 2*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*cos(x)^2)*sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*arctan(-sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*(b*sin(x) + a)/((a^2 - b^2)*cos(x))) + 6*(4*a^3*b^2 - 7*a*b^4)*cos(x) + 3*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4 + (8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^2)*log(1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) - 3*(8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4 + (8*a^5 - 20*a^3*b^2 + 15*a*b^4)*cos(x)^2)*log(-1/2*cos(x) + 1/2) + 16*((3*a^4*b - 7*a^2*b^3)*cos(x)^3 - 3*(a^4*b - 2*a^2*b^3)*cos(x))*sin(x))/(a*b^5*cos(x)^4 - 2*a*b^5*cos(x)^2 + a*b^5]
\end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F(-1)] time = 0., size = 0, normalized size = 0.

Timed out

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)**6/(a+b*csc(x)),x)`

[Out] Timed out

Giac [A] time = 1.25028, size = 404, normalized size = 2.17

$$-\frac{x}{a} + \frac{3b^3\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^4 - 8ab^2\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3 + 24a^2b\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 48b^3\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2 - 96a^3\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 216ab^2\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)}{192b^4} +$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(cot(x)^6/(a+b*csc(x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

```
[Out] -x/a + 1/192*(3*b^3*tan(1/2*x)^4 - 8*a*b^2*tan(1/2*x)^3 + 24*a^2*b*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 48*b^3*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 96*a^3*tan(1/2*x) + 216*a*b^2*tan(1/2*x))/b^4 + 1/8*(8*a^4 - 20*a^2*b^2 + 15*b^4)*log(abs(tan(1/2*x)))/b^5 - 2*(a^6 - 3*a^4*b^2 + 3*a^2*b^4 - b^6)*(pi*floor(1/2*x/pi + 1/2)*sgn(b) + arctan((b*tan(1/2*x) + a)/sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)))/(sqrt(-a^2 + b^2)*a*b^5) - 1/192*(400*a^4*tan(1/2*x)^4 - 1000*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*x)^4 + 750*b^4*tan(1/2*x)^4 - 96*a^3*b*tan(1/2*x)^3 + 216*a*b^3*tan(1/2*x)^3 + 24*a^2*b^2*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 48*b^4*tan(1/2*x)^2 - 8*a*b^3*tan(1/2*x) + 3*b^4)/(b^5*tan(1/2*x)^4)
```

Chapter 4

Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

4.0.1 Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
1 (* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
2 (* ::Package:: *)
3 
4 (* ::Subsection:: *)
5 (*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
6 
7 
8 (* ::Text:: *)
9 (*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
10 (*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
11 (* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
12 (*      is integrable*)
13 (* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
14 (* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
15 (*      antiderivative*)
16 (* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)
17 
18 
19 GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] :=
20   If[ExpnType[result]<=ExpnType[optimal],
21     If[FreeQ[result,Complex] || Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]],
```

```

22 If[LeafCount[result]<=2*LeafCount[optimal],  

23   "A",  

24   "B"],  

25   "C"],  

26 If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],  

27   "C",  

28   "F"]]  

29  

30  

31 (* ::Text:: *)  

32 (*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)  

33 (*expression based on the functions it involves*)  

34 (*1 = rational function*)  

35 (*2 = algebraic function*)  

36 (*3 = elementary function*)  

37 (*4 = special function*)  

38 (*5 = hypergeometric function*)  

39 (*6 = appell function*)  

40 (*7 = rootsum function*)  

41 (*8 = integrate function*)  

42 (*9 = unknown function*)  

43  

44  

45 ExpnType[expn_]:=  

46   If[AtomQ[expn],  

47     1,  

48     If[ListQ[expn],  

49       Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],  

50     If[Head[expn]==Power,  

51       If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],  

52         ExpnType[expn[[1]]],  

53       If[Head[expn[[2]]]==Rational,  

54         If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]==Rational,  

55           1,  

56           Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]]],2]],  

57           Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]]],  

58     If[Head[expn]==Plus || Head[expn]==Times,  

59       Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],  

60     If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],  

61       Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],  

62     If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],  

63       Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],  

64     If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],  

65       Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],5]],  

66     If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],  

67       Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],6]],  

68     If[Head[expn]==RootSum,

```

```

69   Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],  

70 If[Head[expn]==Integrate || Head[expn]==Int,  

71   Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],8]],  

72 ]]]]]]]]  

73  

74  

75 ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=  

76 MemberQ[{  

77   Exp, Log,  

78   Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,  

79   ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,  

80   Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,  

81   ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch  

82 }, func]  

83  

84  

85 SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=  

86 MemberQ[{  

87   Erf, Erfc, Erfi,  

88   FresnelS, FresnelC,  

89   ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,  

90   SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,  

91   Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,  

92   Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,  

93   EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi  

94 }, func]  

95  

96  

97 HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=  

98 MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]  

99  

100  

101 AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=  

102 MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

4.0.2 Maple grading function

```

1 # File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl  

2 # Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017  

3  

4 #Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin  

5 #Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added  

6 #Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result  

7 #Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()  

8 # if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000  

9 #Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions  

10 # see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems

```

```

11
12 GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
13 local leaf_count_result, leaf_count_optimal,ExpnType_result,ExpnType_optimal,
14     debug:=false;
15
16     leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
17     #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
18     if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
19         return "B";
20     fi;
21
22     leaf_count_optimal:=leafcount(optimal);
23
24     ExpnType_result:=ExpnType(result);
25     ExpnType_optimal:=ExpnType(optimal);
26
27     if debug then
28         print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
29     fi;
30
31 # If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
32 # GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
33 #   "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
34 #       is integrable
35 #   "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
36 #   "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal
37 #       antiderivative
38 #   "A" if result can be considered optimal
39
40 #This check below actually is not needed, since I only
41 #call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
42 #for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
43 #just in case.
44
45 if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
46     return "F";
47 end if;
48
49
50 if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
51     if debug then
52         print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
53     fi;
54     if is_contains_complex(result) then
55         if is_contains_complex(optimal) then

```

```

56         if debug then
57             print("both result and optimal complex");
58         fi;
59 #both result and optimal complex
60         if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
61             return "A";
62         else
63             return "B";
64         end if
65     else #result contains complex but optimal is not
66         if debug then
67             print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
68         fi;
69         return "C";
70     end if
71 else # result do not contain complex
72     # this assumes optimal do not as well
73     if debug then
74         print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not
as well");
75     fi;
76     if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
77         if debug then
78             print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
79         fi;
80         return "A";
81     else
82         if debug then
83             print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
84         fi;
85         return "B";
86     end if
87 end if
88 else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
89     if debug then
90         print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
91     fi;
92     return "C";
93 end if
94
95 end proc:
96
97 #
98 # is_contains_complex(result)
99 # takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
100 #
101 #Nasser 032417

```

```

102 is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
103   return (has(expression,I));
104 end proc:
105
106 # The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
107 # based on the functions it involves
108 # 1 = rational function
109 # 2 = algebraic function
110 # 3 = elementary function
111 # 4 = special function
112 # 5 = hypergeometric function
113 # 6 = appell function
114 # 7 = rootsum function
115 # 8 = integrate function
116 # 9 = unknown function
117
118 ExpnType := proc(expn)
119   if type(expn,'atomic') then
120     1
121   elif type(expn,'list') then
122     apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
123   elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
124     if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
125       1
126     else
127       max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
128     end if
129   elif type(expn,'`^`) then
130     if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
131       ExpnType(op(1,expn))
132     elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
133       if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
134         1
135       else
136         max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
137       end if
138     else
139       max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
140     end if
141   elif type(expn,'`+`) or type(expn,'`*`) then
142     max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
143   elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
144     max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
145   elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
146     max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
147   elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
148     max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))

```

```

149 elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
150   max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
151 elif op(0,expn)='int' then
152   max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
153   9
154 end if
155 end proc:
156
157
158 ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
159   member(func,[
160     exp,log,ln,
161     sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
162     arcsin,arccos,arctan,arccot,arcsec,arccsc,
163     sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
164     arcsinh,arccosh,arctanh,arccoth,arcsech,arccsch])
165 end proc:
166
167 SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
168   member(func,[
169     erf,erfc,erfi,
170     FresnelS,FresnelC,
171     Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
172     GAMMA,lnGAMMA,Psi,Zeta,polylog,dilog,LambertW,
173     EllipticF,EllipticE,EllipticPi])
174 end proc:
175
176 HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
177   member(func,[Hypergeometric1F1,hypergeom,HypergeometricPFQ])
178 end proc:
179
180 AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
181   member(func,[AppellF1])
182 end proc:
183
184 # u is a sum or product.  rest(u) returns all but the
185 # first term or factor of u.
186 rest := proc(u) local v;
187   if nops(u)=2 then
188     op(2,u)
189   else
190     apply(op(0,u),op(2..nops(u),u))
191   end if
192 end proc:
193
194 #leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.
195 #Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple

```

```

196 leafcount := proc(u)
197   MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
198 end proc;

```

4.0.3 Sympy grading function

```

1 #Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
2 #          Port of original Maple grading function by
3 #          Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
4 #Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
5 #          added 'exp_polar'
6 from sympy import *
7
8 def leaf_count(expr):
9     #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
10    return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))
11
12 def is_sqrt(expr):
13    if isinstance(expr,Pow):
14        if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
15            return True
16        else:
17            return False
18    else:
19        return False
20
21 def is_elementary_function(func):
22    return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
23                    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
24                    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
25                ]
26
27 def is_special_function(func):
28    return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
29                    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
30                    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
31                    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
32                ]
33
34 def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
35    return func in [hyper]
36
37 def is_appell_function(func):
38    return func in [appellf1]
39
40 def is_atom(expn):
41    try:

```

```

42     if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
43         return True
44     else:
45         return False
46
47 except AttributeError as error:
48     return False
49
50 def expnType(expn):
51     debug=False
52     if debug:
53         print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))
54
55     if is_atom(expn):
56         return 1
57     elif isinstance(expn,list):
58         return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
59     elif is_sqrt(expn):
60         if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
61             return 1
62         else:
63             return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
64     elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'``')
65         if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
66             return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
67         elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
68             if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
69                 return 1
70             else:
71                 return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn))
72         )
73     else:
74         return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,
75 ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
76     elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'`+``') or type
77 (expn,'`*``')
78         m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
79         m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
80         return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
81     elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
82         return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
83     elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
84         m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
85         return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
86     elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,
87 expn))
88         m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))

```

```

85     return max(5,m1)    #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
86 elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
87     m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
88     return max(6,m1)    #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
89 elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
90     m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,
91                                         Apply[List,expn]],7]],
92     return max(7,m1)
93 elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
94     m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
95     return max(8,m1)    #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
96 else:
97     return 9
98
99 #main function
100 def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):
101
102     leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
103     leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)
104
105     expnType_result = expnType(result)
106     expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)
107
108     if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
109         return "F"
110
111     if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
112         if result.has(I):
113             if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
114                 if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
115                     return "A"
116                 else:
117                     return "B"
118             else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
119                 return "C"
120         else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as
121             well
122             if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
123                 return "A"
124             else:
125                 return "B"
126     else:
127         return "C"

```

4.0.4 SageMath grading function

¹ #Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by

```

2 #           Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
3 #           grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
4 #Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
5 #           'arctan2','floor','abs','log_integral'
6
7 from sage.all import *
8 from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg
9
10 def tree(expr):
11     debug=False;
12     if debug:
13         print ("Enter tree(expr), expr=",expr)
14         print ("expr.operator()=",expr.operator())
15         print ("expr.operands()=",expr.operands())
16         print ("map(tree, expr.operands())=",map(tree, expr.operands()))
17
18     if expr.operator() is None:
19         return expr
20     else:
21         return [expr.operator()]+list(map(tree, expr.operands()))
22
23 def leaf_count(anti):
24     debug=False;
25
26     if debug: print ("Enter leaf_count, anti=", anti, " len(anti)=", len(anti))
27
28     if len(anti) == 0: #special check for optimal being 0 for some test cases.
29         if debug: print ("len(anti) == 0")
30         return 1
31     else:
32         if debug: print ("round(1.35*len(flatten(tree(anti))))=",round(1.35*len(
33             flatten(tree(anti)))))
34             return round(1.35*len(flatten(tree(anti)))) #fudge factor
35             #since this estimate of leaf count is bit lower than
36             #what it should be compared to Mathematica's
37
38 def is_sqrt(expr):
39     debug=False;
40     if expr.operator() == operator.pow:    #isinstance(expr,Pow):
41         if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
42             if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
43             return True
44         else:
45             return False
46     else:
47         return False

```

```

48 def is_elementary_function(func):
49     debug = False
50
51     m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
52                         'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
53                         'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
54                         'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
55                         'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arccoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
56                         'arctan2','floor','abs'
57                     ]
58
59     if debug:
60         if m:
61             print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
62         else:
63             print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")
64
65     return m
66
67 def is_special_function(func):
68     debug = False
69
70     if debug: print ("type(func)=", type(func))
71
72     m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
73                         'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','
74                         sinh_integral'
75                         'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi,zeta',
76                         'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e',
77                         'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral']
78
79     if debug:
80         print ("m=",m)
81         if m:
82             print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
83         else:
84             print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")
85
86     return m
87
88
89 def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
90     return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U
91                           ']
92
93 def is_appell_function(func):

```

```

93     return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']    #[appellf1] can't find this in
94     sagemath
95
96
97 def is_atom(expn):
98
99     #thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-
100    sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic-type-in-maple/
101   try:
102       if expn.parent() is SR:
103           return expn.operator() is None
104       if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
105           return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
106       if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
107           return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().
108           gens()
109           return False
110
111 except AttributeError as error:
112     return False
113
114
115 def expnType(expn):
116     debug=False
117
118     if debug:
119         print (">>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
120         print (">>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))
121
122     if is_atom(expn):
123         return 1
124     elif type(expn)==list:  #isinstance(expn,list):
125         return max(map(expnType, expn))  #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
126     elif is_sqrt(expn):
127         if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(isinstance(expn.args[0],
128 Rational):
129             return 1
130         else:
131             return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))  #max(2,expnType(expn.
132 args[0]))
133     elif expn.operator() == operator.pow:  #isinstance(expn,Pow)
134         if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer:  #isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer)
135             return expnType(expn.operands()[0])  #expnType(expn.args[0])
136         elif type(expn.operands()[1]) == Rational:  #isinstance(expn.args[1],
137 Rational)
138             if type(expn.operands()[0]) == Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],
139 Rational)
140                 return 1

```

```

133     else:
134         return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.
135         args[0]))
136     else:
137         return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()
138 [1])) #max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1]))
139     elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #
140         if isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul):
141             m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
142             m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
143             return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
144     elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.
145         func)
146         return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
147     elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
148         m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(
149         expn.args)))
150         return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
151     elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #
152         is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
153         m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(
154         expn.args)))
155         return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
156     elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
157         m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(
158         expn.args)))
159         return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
160     elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
161         is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
162         #but kept it here.
163         m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(
164         expn.args)))
165         return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
166     else:
167         return 9
168
169 #main function
170 def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):
171     debug = False;
172
173     if debug: print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
174
175     leaf_count_result  = leaf_count(result)
176     leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)
177
178     if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "
179     leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

```

```
170
171
172     expnType_result = expnType(result)
173     expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)
174
175     if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",
176                     expnType_optimal)
177
178     if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
179         if result.has(I):
180             if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
181                 if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
182                     return "A"
183                 else:
184                     return "B"
185             else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
186                 return "C"
187         else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as
188               well
189             if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
190                 return "A"
191             else:
192                 return "B"
193     else:
194         return "C"
```